# MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

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## THE SENTINEL.

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JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN, Publishers and Proprietors.

T. S. JERMAIN..... M. H. BRIGHTMAN

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 3, 1860


### REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
A. SCOTT SLOAN.

REPUBLICAN CITY TICKET.

FOR MAYOR,
OTIS H. WALDO.
FOR COMPTROLLER,
CICERO COMSTOCK.
FOR TREASURER,
JOHN H. TESCH.
FOR CITY ATTORNEY,
HALBERT E. PAINE.
FOR CLERK OF MUNICIPAL COURT,
THEODORE WETTSTEIN.

WARD NOMINATIONS.

FIRST WARD.
Supervisor—NICHOLAS O'NEIL.
Assessor—ANDREW ARGUS
Justice of the Peace—JOHN E. CH.
Constable—DANIEL CAMPBELL.
Justices of the Peace—C. RATTINGER.
Ins. Fire Wardens—THOMAS BURK.

SECOND WARD.
Supervisor—T. M. PHERSON.
Assessor—JOHN RITSCHE.
Justice of the Peace—A. COTZHAUSEN.
Constable—E. BECHTEL.
Ins. Fire Wardens—A. MILLER.
JACOB GINTZ.

THIRD WARD.
Supervisor—WM. BROWN, Jr.
Assessor—JOHN CUMMINGS.
Justice of the Peace—J. B. JUDSON.
Constable—MITCHELL.
Ins. Fire Wardens—T. PIERCE.
JOHN FRENCH.

FOURTH WARD.
Supervisor—IRWIN HYDE.
Assessor—JOHN PLANKINTON.
Justice of the Peace—NATHAN PERELES.
Constable—DANIEL SCHULTZ.
Ins. Fire Wardens—GROVENGER.
SAMUEL L. ELMORE.

FIFTH WARD.
Supervisor—WM. GOODNOW.
Assessor—MICHAEL METSGUN.
Justice of the Peace—JOHN C. SMITH.
Constable—FRANCIS HOLZINGER.
Ins. Fire Wardens—HENRY TOLBER.

SIXTH WARD.
Supervisor—JONES BROWN.
Assessor—C. WACHTER.
Justice of the Peace—W. F. OTTO.
Constable—H. CURTIS.
Ins. Fire Wardens—H. YANSEN.
E. W. PIERCE.

SEVENTH WARD.
Supervisor—W. A. PRENTISS.
Assessor—E. P. HOTCHKISS.
Justice of the Peace—JAMES MURRAY.
Constable—ROBERT MILLER.
Ins. Fire Wardens—ROBERT ELIOT.

EIGHTH WARD.
Supervisor—C. U. NIEDERMAN.
Assessor—L. VOGEL.
Justice of the Peace—DAN. HELLER.
Constable—FRED. HEFT.
Ins. Fire Wardens—J. A. NOLDEN.

### ELECTION TO-DAY!

POLLS OPEN FROM 9 A. M. TILL 5 P. M.

## All Hail Connecticut!

The "Nutmeg" State True to Freedom!

**Republican Governor and Legislature Elected by Increased Majorities!**

After one of the most exciting campaigns ever experienced, CONNECTICUT proves herself true to Freedom! Incomplete returns received at a late hour last night, indicate the re-election of BUCKINGHAM by 1,000 majority—a gain of 800 on his vote one year ago! The Legislature is Republican by an increased majority.

Republicans of Milwaukee, are you prepared to follow the noble example of your brethren in Connecticut? Give your answer through the ballot-box to-day!

### Will the Germans be the Catspaws of the Irish Democracy!

We invite the attention of our German fellow-citizens to the article on the inside of this morning's SENTINEL, containing some sound considerations for German Electors.—The article is from the pen of an honest German Democrat, and the sentiments he expresses will doubtless meet a response in the hearts of thousands of his countrymen, who have hitherto allied themselves with the Irish Democracy.

### Vote Early and Vote Right.

Vote early to-day, but above all things vote *right*. Vote the Republican ticket without *scratching*.

The candidates on that ticket are all capable, honest and conservative men—REFORMERS in the proper sense of that term.

Are you a poor man, suffering for the want of the pay that you have honestly earned of the city, and would you correct the abuses which have rendered city orders worth only sixty cents on the dollar, and restore the city to a position in which it will be able to pay the laborer and the mechanic the full worth of their services? then VOTE THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Are you a property-holder, suffering under the oppressive taxes, which have been squandered, misused and *stolen* by successive Democratic administrations? resolve that this state of things shall continue no longer, and VOTE THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Are you a merchant, having a deep interest in retrieving the good name of our city? Strike a blow at the Corruptionists, and VOTE THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

You do not wish to see the city swindled *three quarters of a million dollars*, as on account of the Railroads, vote for the candidates that have been put forward to facilitate the carrying out of this infamous design, VOTE THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Finally, in whatever condition, or position in life: whatever your politics, religion or nationality: if you have the welfare of the city at heart; if you would rebuke extravagance, corruption, and all manner of villainy; if you would save the city from irretrievable ruin and disgrace; if you would put trustworthy, efficient and honest men into office, VOTE THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

### Vote Understandingly.

We ask of citizens that they will go to the polls to-day and vote *understandingly* and *independently*. We ask simply, that you will consult your own and the city's interest. If in this consultation you honestly think you will be acting right in voting for Mr. LYNDE; do so. But do not be led away by the foolish inducement of party. There is no reason under heaven why you should support a *party* to the detriment of yourself and the community. Your vote to-day will be either cast for reform or continued corruption. All we ask of you is to deposit your ballot according to your own judgment, and not according to the influences brought to bear upon you.

Vote understandingly, and it may be that your help will be the very feather that is to break the back of this monstrous iniquity.

### Challengers, Look Out!

The Republican Challengers at the several polls should exercise increased vigilance to-day, if they do not wish to see the ballot boxes loaded with illegal votes. The Tax-Eaters are desperate, and will leave no stone unturned to accomplish their ends. Let no obstruction be offered to any qualified elector, but resist finally and to the end, every attempt at illegal voting.

### The Railroads.

We are glad to hear that the suit brought to foreclose the first mortgage on the Mississippi railroad has been discontinued, and that Mr. ASAHEL FINCH has been instrumental in accomplishing that result. We are also glad to read in the *News* (only we are not sure that we can rely upon it) that there are some Republicans (and consequently honest men) among the Directors of that road. We have no quarrel with, no ill-feeling towards that road, nor with any of its Directors. We would render them ample justice, and tell not only the truth, but the whole truth, about them. We shall not fail, and we have never failed, to chronicle any act beneficial to the city that may be done by them, or any of them, and to give them full credit therefor. Some of them, we personally know to be among the very best men of this community.

We should be very glad to learn also, what we fear we shall not soon hear:

That the interest on the first mortgage on the Mississippi road is paid.

That the interest on the second mortgage is paid.

That the interest on the city bonds loaned to that road is paid.

That the principal of those bonds is paid.

That the interest of the city bonds issued to the Watertown road is paid.

That the principal of those bonds is paid.

That the interest of the city bonds issued to the other roads is paid.

That this stock is worth par.

That the City Government is honest.

That it has always been honest.

That the city is out of debt.

That times are prosperous.

That the Democratic party is a suitable manager of city affairs.

Until we know that some of these improbabilities are facts, we can plainly see that Mr. WALDO is a better man for Mayor than Mr. LYNDE. While this city is indebted on more than $1,000,000 of its bonds, which railroads have borrowed from it, agreeing to pay them, we shall continue to think that a gentleman not connected with any railroad, is a better man for city interests, than the gentleman who is constantly in court as the advocate of that corporation, which is the greatest defaulter of them all?

### Mr. Lynde Adheres to the Democracy.

We find the following in the *News'* report of Mr. LYNDE's speech on Saturday night:

"That there are those who regard with discontent the action of the Convention, because the candidate you presented did not receive the nomination. This should not be so. I have seen many conventions, and it was not always the case that the man for whom I had a preference was the choice of the convention.—Yet I have never thought that for this reason I had good cause to reject our principles or our nominees.—I never considered this a proper reason why I should not support the candidates of my party. If you do not succeed the first time, drop all prejudice, lay aside all preference, support the ticket, and try again.—(Cheers.) I hope you will go to the polls as a mass. I hope that you will show that you still have faith in Democracy, and that you will so decide by your ballots."

Mr. LYNDE, it will be seen by his own assertions, does not consider lack of capability any reason for rejecting a candidate who is a good Democrat. In other words, he avows it as his principle to uphold those men who are put forward by Democratic politicians, be they good, bad, or indifferent. At this time when the great need is for men of integrity and unflinching purpose, it is downright insult to the better sense of the community to advise them to vote for men regardless of their convictions because the men are Democrats.

We find ourselves brought low by a mistaken choice in men, our city disgraced by its officers, and the overwhelming sense of wrong actuating everybody, to throw aside the trammels of party, and elect honest and good men for office, and we hear Mr. LYNDE at this crisis saying—"Drop all prejudices, lay aside all preference and support THE TICKET," regradless of consequences!

Mr. LYNDE has been represented as a very mild man, but there is a stolid, dogged presumption in this insulting advice, which we heretofore would not have given him credit for.

### Ryan and Lynde

Are reported to have said, in their public speeches, that a reform council with Mayor PRENTISS at their head, passed in 1857 the ordinance exempting the Newhall House from taxation, whereby Dr. WEEKS, a Republican, defeated the taxes of that year.—Truly these gentlemen are remarkable public teachers. Look at the facts.

The ordinance was passed March 22, 1856.

It was passed by a *democratic* council.

Sanctioned by JAMES B. CROSS, Mayor.

Mr. PRENTISS was only elected Mayor in 1858.

Dr. WEEKS is a *democrat*.

MR. RYAN—who thinks his party has all the brains—this E. G. RYAN—who thinks himself qualified to instruct that party—*was Dr. Weeks' counsel in the suit!*

### The News would rather Buy us off than Answer us.

"In reply to 'Skimmilk,' who is laboring under the delusion that we decline to answer his arguments (?) out of contempt for either him or his editions, we would simply say that since learning his price, we think it cheaper to buy him off, than it is to answer him."—*News, of Sunday.*

We can appreciate this compliment, and do not for a moment doubt but it would be cheaper in our veterate demagogue to buy us off, if that were possible, than to answer us. But we cannot reciprocate the favor.—We consider it cheaper and easier to answer our cotemporary than to buy him, even if he can be bought at a cent-a-take. Besides, we prefer to leave the buying of editors and voters to the Democracy and to those who wo'd effect by money what they cannot by any inherent ability of their own.

The man who bought the editor of the *News* would be purchasing a very cheap whistle indeed, and be found to have paid very dear for it. We say this respectfully to the veteran defender of legitimate stealings, for we have concluded that the opponent who is left by the Republicans to the attention of their "boys" and subs, and who finds it more convenient to buy these off than answer them is worthy of the respectful commiseration which belongs to experience without wisdom, and maturity without merit.

### Vote Early.

VOTE EARLY to day, and when you have done so, seek out your friends and neighbors and all whom your counsel, or example can influence, and urge them to go and do likewise. A great work for the reputation and prosperity of our city can be accomplished this day, if our Merchants, Mechanics, Working-men, Property-holders and Tax-Payers will put their shoulders to the wheel and heave all together. Victory is within our reach if we omit no honorable effort to secure it; while certain defeat awaits us, if we do not labor strenuously, heartily and unitedly for our cause and candidates.

### Stand to Your Posts.

Have vigilant men at the polls, all day.—We have had evidences of the measures which will be adopted by the Democrats, by their actions in the First Ward and elsewhere. If there is to be any carrying out of Democratic principles at the polls to-day, let the Republicans stay there and see it.

KILLED BY A HOG.—A Bohemian, who lived in the town of Kossuth, and whose name we have not been able to learn, was killed by a hog one day last week, at Manitowoc, while lying out of doors in a state of intoxication.

### Specimens of what the News states as Truth.

Speaking of the Mass Meeting in Albany Hall Saturday night, it says:

The hall was half full at one time, and holds 900 when filled to its utmost capacity.

Whoever has seen that hall is aware that it holds 1,200 to 1,500 *seated*. Saturday night the seats were out—thus, probably, doubling its capacity. The hall was crowded, except a space of some thirty feet in the rear, which was occupied, but not compactly full.

Again the *News* says:

After Schurz had recounted some of the startling incidents of the battle, he said, if we understood him correctly, "that Milwaukee had a bad reputation abroad, but he did not know that the character of the people was any better than their reputation." He then related a private conversation between himself and Jackson Hadley, in regard to reform, which was loudly applauded.

Mr SCHURZ distinctly said that the character of "the people of Milwaukee *is* better than their reputation." He did *not* relate or allude to any conversation, whatever, between himself and JACKSON HADLEY.

Here is what the *News* calls "one of the SENTINEL's falsehoods:"

In 1846 Milwaukee became a city. Since that time its municipal interests have been, with few brief exceptions, under the unrestricted control of the Democratic party.

It endeavors to disprove the statement by the fact that WELLS, CROCKER, WALKER and PRENTISS were elected over Democratic nominees. Four out of fourteen! Two of those, WELLS and WALKER, avowed Democrats when elected! And always, since 1846, has a majority of the Council consisted of Democrats! Is that the way you try to dodge Democratic responsibility? Tell these stories at the same time you try to make the people of this city believe that Mr. LYNDE is not the lawyer for the Mississippi Road! No disgrace about that, by the way, perhaps, but why deny it?

### Why the News would not Defame Mr. Waldo.

"Relying upon the strength of the Democratic party, and the intelligence of the masses, we have refrained from attacking the character of Mr. Waldo, either by direct charges or insinuations.—*News of Sunday.*

Candid man, that, for so well matured an individual. If he had relied a little *more* on the *intelligence* of the masses, he would have advocated Mr. WALDO's claims.

### Great Fire at Kenosha.

*From the Kenosha Telegraph, Extra March 31st*

One of the largest fires which ever occured in this city, was first discovered between three and four o'clock this morning. The fire originated in the barn of the City Hotel, and when first discovered had made such progress, and the flames spread so rapidly, that all attempts to arrest the devouring element at this point were useless. The fire in a few minutes communicated to the City Hotel, and all the inmates of that building had barely time time to escape. Most of them saved little or nothing. The family of the keeper of the Hotel (Capt. Bell) were obliged to quit the house without their accustomed wearing apparel. No article of furniture or anything of particular value was saved. Capt. Bell remained in the Hotel long enough to ascertain that all had left, when he escaped from a window. Six horses were burned in the barn of the City Hotel. There was an insurance on the City Hotel of $1,000; no insurance on furniture or other property. Capt. Bell estimates his loss from $4,000 to $5,000.

From the City Hotel, the fire spread in different directions; next south, the large Hardware store of Bain & Brother, on the corner of Main and Market Streets, took fire and soon burned down, some of the property in the lower part of the store was saved. We understand Bain & Brother are insured $10,000.

Next north of the City Hotel, on Main St., the following buildings were burned: Land Agency office of S. Y. Brande, insured; Shoe Shop, occupied by Mr. Huck, no insurance; dwelling, occupied by Mr. Gammel—very little furniture saved—no insurance; grocery store owned by Engle & Haifner, and occupied by A. Huck, not much saved, an unoccupied store owned by E. W. Evans, Esq.; meat market of Engle & Haifner, a part of the building occupied as a dwelling. Engle & Haifner estimate their loss in two buildings and property at $3,000—no insurance.

On the East side of Main street the following buildings were burned:—The Quarles block, corner of Main and Pearl streets; this was a large three story brick block divided into two stores, substantially built, and regarded as nearly fire proof—having a tinned roof; the third story was known as Military Hall; the first floor were mainly occupied by G. D. Head, Grocery and provision dealer.—Mr. Head, we learn had no insurance, and the amount of property saved was not large, so that the loss falls heavily upon him; being full $4,000. The block owned by F. Quarles was not insured. The Durkee House on the opposite corner north had its south front badly blackened, and the glass in the windows pretty much spoiled by the heat.

South of the Quarles block, a two story frame building, occupied by Mr. Cook; the family lost a good share of the furniture; a bakery and dwelling occupied by Mr.——; no insurance; a meat market kept by Fosdick & Wiltse, building owned N. Ehle—no insurance; also an unoccupied dwelling house owned by N. Ehle—no insurance.—Next a dwelling house owned by Geo. Vale, no insurance. Harness shop owned by English, insured $500. A three story brick store owned by Geo. Day was badly damaged; the heat of the fire by the adjoining building occasioned the wall to crack; Barber shop occupied by Lickhout pretty much used up

On Pearl street, a paint shop occupied and owned by N. Ehle, was burned; no insurance. A dwelling house owned and occupied by G. B. Crisup, furniture partly saved. A blacksmith shop occupied by ——; no insurance. A pump factory on the corner of Pearl and Exchange streets, owned by N. Ehle and occupied by Webster & Silsbee—property in the building mostly saved; no insurance on the building; also a barn on same lot Mr. Ehle estimates his loss in buildings at $6,000.

On Exchange street, a dwelling house owned and occupied by Mrs. McDonald—considerable of the furniture saved; no insurance. Dwelling house owned and occupied by John McDonald; no insurance Dwelling house owned by John Hogan, torn down. Dwelling house owned by Dr. Slocum, and occupied by Mrs. Forcyne; also a barn on the same block owned by N. Ehle. Also an extensive blacksmithing establishment, owned by E. Bain, on Pearl street; this shop was connected with the Wagon and carriage manufactory of E. Bain, and did a large business—loss estimated about $3,000; no insurance. Also a livery stable barn on the lot west of Bain & Brother's store, was burned and a small building adjoining torn down.

Lyman & Bone lost a quantity of pine lumber. Many other individuals sustained losses which we cannot now particularize.

Whole number of building and shops burned, (exclusive of barns) twenty-six—loss estimated from $40,000 to $50,000.

Mr. A. W. Benham, of Windsor, in this county, we regret to learn, sustains a severe loss by the fire. His son brought in a load of flour, stopping last night at the City Hotel, putting his property into the barn; he had a noble span of horses, and he estimates his loss of horses, wagon harness and flour at $300. There was also burned in the City Hotel barn a valuable horse, widely known as the Perkins & Pitkins horse; also a valuable, horse, buggy and harness belonging to Mr. Robinson, of Genoa.

Several of the ladies of the city, among whom we noticed Mrs. Robinson, Bond, Strong and Brocket, did excellent service by furnishing the firemen with coffee and other refreshments in the Durkee building this morning.

Chief Engineer Robinson, Foreman Ely and Carter and other officers of the Fire Department, acted with much energy and efficiency.

The pipeman of the Hose Company, Mr. L. Parker, in his earnest efforts to do his duty, got his breast and eyes rather severely burned.

The Mayor of the city, Dr. FAIT, has very properly called a meeting at the Court House this evening, at 8 o'clock, to devise measures for the relief of such as need aid. Let every good citizen attend.

THE LATEST INTELLIGENCE (!) from America, published in the Bath, (England) *Journal*, of February 18th, is as follows:—"The President of the United States is chosen at last. Mr. Pennington, a Republican, has been elected by a majority of one."

THE OSHKOSH COURIER learns that a new Republican paper is soon to be started in that place, for which part of the materials have already arrived,

## THE CITY.

### ELECTION TO-DAY.

Polls open from nine o'clock, a. m., till five o'clock, p. m., at the following places:

*First Ward*—FRANCIS CASPAR'S, Main street.

*Second Ward*—LOUIS AUER'S, Fourth street.

*Third Ward*—Louisiana House, Main street.

*Fourth Ward*—House of Engine Co., No. 6, Second street.

*Fifth Ward*—Niagara House.

*Sixth Ward*—P. ALPETER'S, corner Third and Sherman streets.

*Seventh Ward*—Heineman's Hall, Market street.

*Eighth Ward*—SWEIBERT HEFT'S, Cook street.

*Ninth Ward*—M. BAKER'S, Twelfth street.

QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS.

1. Twenty-one years of age, or upwards.
2. One year's residence in city.
3. Ten days' residence in ward.
4. Citizenship, or Declaration of Intentions.

TWO BALLOTS NEEDED.

One ballot for Chief Justice and Municipal Judge.

One ballot for all City and Ward Officers and Clerk of Municipal Court.

VOTE FOR OTIS H. WALDO.

### The Great Unwashed.

The Democrats succeeded, by sending a brass band out through the Second Ward, in drumming together enough men and boys to constitute a Mass Meeting in front of the Wettstein Hotel. We waited a long time before there was any other evidence of an organization than two of the hotel chambermaids, who eyed the crowd curiously from the balcony; at last, however, the young women disappeared, and Mr. DON UPHAM proceeded to excoriate the air in a truly democratic manner, confining his remarks principally to the texts:

Vote the straight ticket—Stick to the party—Vindicate the Democracy, and don't desert the ranks.

Mr. LYNDE afterwards addressed the crowd, but was very unfortunate in his assertions, as usual, as the following from ex-Mayor PRENTISS will show:

MR. EDITOR:—I was present last evening, and heard the speech of Mr. LYNDE, the Democratic candidate for Mayor, in which he attempted to apologize for his mis-statements made on Friday evening at the same place, in relation to the matter of the exemption of the Newhall House property from taxation. He said that he was mistaken in saying that the Ordinance of the Common Council, exempting this property from taxation, was passed during my administration; but that the exemption was for the years 1857 and 1858, the latter being the year I was Mayor, and that the Supreme Court had declared the taxes of both the years '57 and '58 *illegal and void*.

Now, no such decision has ever been made by the Supreme Court, and Mr. LYNDE is as much mistaken in the *second*, as in the *first* statement.

It will be recollected, that J. B. Cross was Mayor in 1855, 1856 and 1857, and a reference to the ordinance which was passed, exempting the Newhall House from taxation, will show that it was adopted on the 22d of March, 1856, and exempts said property from all general city or Ward taxes, for the the years 1856 and 1857. The question decided by the Supreme Court related *solely* to the taxes of 1857, but the same principle will apply to those of 1856, on the exemption of the property for that year.

In 1858, the year of my administration as Mayor, the Newhall House *was taxed for all purposes like other property*, and I presume the taxes have been paid. It will be seen, therefore; that the *immaculate and pure* nominee of the Democracy is quite unfortunate in *all* his statements relating to the cause of the difficulties connected with the taxation of 1856 and 1857, *either intentionally or not*—I leave the public to judge. One thing is certain, that if the electors of the city place Mr. LYNDE at the head of our City Government, and he should commit as many blunders in administering the affairs of the city as he has in the speeches made on Friday and Monday evenings, we shall be in a much more woeful condition than we *now* are.

I have no personal ill-will towards Mr. LYNDE, and write this note for the sole purpose of correcting the gross mis-statements made on the occasions referred to.

He has evidently been badly posted in relation to our Municipal matters, by his friends, and I cannot consent that he should palm off the acts and doings of a Democratic Mayor and Common Council in 1856 on to my shoulders in 1858, without showing up the falsity of the statement.

WM. A. PRENTISS.

VOTE FOR CICERO COMSTOCK.

### A Missing Official.

We hear it currently reported about the streets that Councilor RICKERT, of the Ninth Ward, is among the missing, having left this city a fortnight, or more ago, for parts unknown. His term of office does not expire till next April. Why he left is still a mystery, which time may unravel.

VOTE FOR JOHN H. TESCH.

### That Democratic Row.

We were mistaken in saying that PATRICK NICHOLS was among the Democratic rowdies who disturbed the meeting in the First Ward on Saturday night. OTIS B. HOPKINS, JACKSON HADLEY'S brother-in-law, was chief rowdy on the occasion.

VOTE FOR HALBERT E. PAINE.

MILWAUKEE POLITICS.—The Chicago *Times* feels itself called upon to meddle with the local politics of Milwaukee. It exhorts the people of that city to "do their duty" at the approaching municipal election.

We second the motion. Let the Milwaukeeans by all means do their duty, by effectually ousting the Democratic cormorants who now fatten upon the public treasury of the city, two of whom are now lying in jail awaiting trial for having swindled and robbed the city to the amount of thousands of dollars, and others of whom are not above suspicion.

We presume the tax-payers and voters of Milwaukee, under all the circumstances, understand quite as well in what direction their duty lies in the present contest, as the Chicago *Times* can tell them.—*Chicago Journal.*

VOTE FOR OTIS H. WALDO.

POLICE ARRESTS.—We are indebted to Mr. ROBERT, of the Station House, for the following list of arrests made by the Police last month:

Grand larceny, 11; petty larceny, 13; forgery, 2; swindling, 3; receiving stolen property, 1; picking pockets, 1; disorderly, 12; drunk, 35; vagrancy, 6; insane, 1; for various other petty offences, 15. Total arrests for the month, 101.

VOTE FOR CICERO COMSTOCK.

WE NOTICE that GEORGE'S new grocery store is patronized by all who have a failing for fresh country butter and good teas. This is as it should be. A place to obtain the best articles of consumption at our tables at a moderate price has long been needed. Mr. GEORGE'S store is in Young's Block, on Wisconsin street.

### Mr. Tesch Still in the City and Still Running!

The following correspondence will explain itself, and at the same time it proves to what desperate subterfuges the democracy are obliged to resort, in order to carry the election. But they will fail on Mr. TESCH, by such tricks. Read:

MR. E. D. HOLTON—*Dear Sir:*—A rumor is circulated about town to the effect that that portion of the Fourth Ward in which I reside, is no longer within the limits of the city, and that, therefore, I am not eligible to to office. You being a member of the Assembly, and, I believe, the framer of an act by which the boundaries of certain portions of this city were changed, I would respectfully call upon you to state how far this act affected the Fourth Ward.

Respectfully, &c. J. H. TESCH.

MILWAUKEE, April 2, 1860.

MR. JOHN H. TESCH—*Dear Sir:*—Your note of this date is before me. Changes have been made in the boundaries of the city by a late act; but an exception was made so far as the Fourth Ward was concerned. The boundaries of this Ward (the Fourth) remain exactly as they were before the passage of the late act.

Yours, very respectfully,
E. D. HOLTON.

VOTE FOR OTIS H. WALDO.

### Mr. McGrath's Reply to Mr. Keogh.

MR. EDITOR:—I see by your issue of 2d inst., a communication from ex-Street Commissioner THOS. KEOGH, purporting that my statement of the expenses of 1858 was a gross fabrication. I took my report from the Journal of the Third Ward, and the Comptroller's Ledger, and it is correct. I defy Mr. KEOGH to prove his statement to be correct. His statement is a falsehood, a lie, in the rankest sense of the word. The amount audited in 1858, $14,924 65, and $225 45 audited 1859, chargeable to 1858, for THOS. BULFIN, for filling the crossing of Buffalo and Jefferson Street, which, when added to my first statement amounts to the round sum of $15,150 10, which is the correct amount expended in 1858 by THOS. KEOGH, which sum cannot be denied by Mr. KEOGH or any other man. Any tax-payer will see on the Comptroller's books the items of the sum total as given my me. It seems Mr. KEOGH has kept a private account of the expenses of the Third Ward, separate from the Comptroller, and thinks the Comptroller's report ought to corroborate with his.

Mr. KEOGH is ignorant of the cause of my publishing the expenses of the Third Ward. I am not ignorant of the cause, nor am I ignorant of the English language, as he alludes to with so much emphasis in his communication. The little pedagogue thinks, as he is electioneering for TIM O'BRIEN, that no man dares correct his errors. Mr. O'BRIEN's expenditures for 1857 were $21,806 49; add $100 on STRONACH & CO., for lumber, for 1857, and the sum total amounts to $21,-906 49. Mr. O'BRIEN cannot deny these figures. Tax-payers do not believe the false reports put forth by these gentlemen.

Respectfully, JOHN McGRATH.
Coun. and St. Com. 3d Ward.

Milwaukee, April 2d, 1860.

N. B. The outstanding claims against the Third Vard for 1859 I find do not exceed $300. I made diligent inquiry and am satisfied the same is correct.

JOHN McGRATH.

VOTE FOR CICERO COMSTOCK.

### Two Republicans for Treasurer.

*For the Sentinel.*

MR. EDITOR:—Why does the SENTINEL, a Republican paper, pitch into DOUSMAN, the Democratic candidate for City Treasurer?—DOUSMAN was the Secretary of our Fifth Ward Fremont Club in 1856, and did good service for the Republican cause in that campaign. He has always been a good Republican, so far as I know, and if he sees fit to play Democrat, just now, in order to "pull the wool" over the eyes of the Democracy, why should the SENTINEL object?

FIFTH WARD.

April 2, 1860.

SENSIBLE THIRD WARDER.—We overheard the following, which took place yesterday between two friendly sons of Erin on Huron Street:

"What way are ye, PAT.—who is it ye'd be votin' for to-morra? But I needn't ask yees that, seeing ye're an Irishman."

PAT.—"Ye may, thin, for I'm not goin' to wok wid the Dimmecrats."

MIKE—"Whist—what's that?"

PAT—"Arrah, kape aisy. May the divil fly away wid the Dimmecrats, sure; haven't I wored for thim fur tin years, and divil the haser better off I am, but worse. Be the povers! I'm afther thinkin' these same Dimmecrats are domd humbugs. I made jis five dollars ivery 'luction fur wotin' this sil' same ticket, but as shure as St. Patrick was a gintleman, I think it is cheaper fur me to wote the other way now, if I don't get the divil a red."

VOTE FOR JOHN H. TESCH.

MASS MEETING IN THE EIGHTH WARD.—There was a large Republican rally, on Saturday night, at NOLDEN'S. The meeting organized by the election of GEO. BURNHAM as Chairman and J. G. TRANTLEGE as Secretary. The object of the meeting was explained to be the discussion of city affairs.—Mr. H. J. PAINE was called upon, and addressed the multitude in earnest, showing up the leaders of democracy in shining colors. After that B. DOMSCHKE spoke nearly an hour in German; he made a very telling speech, showing to the assembled multitude the duty of every tax-payer in the present crisis. At the conclusion, a Fifth Warder triel to give a hurrah for G. G. DOUSMAN, but it was a solitary hip, hip, hur——; the *rah* was not finished, the entire meeting hooted him down. The individual was so ashamed of his mistake that he pulled his capover his eyes, being ashamed to be seen after that. On motion the meeting adjourned to election day.

J. G. TRANTLEGE, Secretary.
GEO. BURNHAM, Chairman.

VOTE FOR HALBERT E. PAINE.

SAD.—The La Crosse *Union* comes to us with its local column in mourning, and with the following mournful announcement:

OBITUARY.—We stop the press to announce that our local editor is no Moore, and that he has shifted off his "mortal coil," and passed to a higher, and we hope, a holier State of existence. One week ago, he left for Minnesota, full of life and hopes of a joyous future, and we little thought as he left his accustomed place in the sanctum that we were gazing on his beauteous form for the last time; but so it is, and such is the uncertainty of (single) life.

He has gone to his rest—a gal he has found,
Who sings of wild flowers and willows that weep;
She has stowed him away—no more shall the sound
Of rattling crinoline wake him from sleep.

P. S. Maria Mignonette is responsible for "The deep damnation of his taking off."

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—The regular monthly meeting of this Association will be held in their rooms this (Tuesday) evening, at half-past 7 o'clock, when an essay will be read by one of the members, to be followed by a discussion. We understand that there is a Bible Class held every Sabbath afternoon from 2 to 3 o'clock, under the auspices of the Association, to which all are invited.

### Tickets.

A notice was inserted in the papers for the towns and wards to call at the office of WINFIELD SMITH for their ballots. After supplying the towns with their Judicial tickets, it was thought best to leave the city and ward tickets with the candidates to order, for fear errors might occur in names, &c., therefore the candidates in each ward will order their tickets at the Printing Offices, where forms are up for the several wards, and not at WINFIELD SMITH'S office as before mentioned.

The Judicial tickets are to be found in any number at the *Atlas* office, Juneau Block, already printed and paid for. In case any ward should want a fresh supply of tickets let them be ordered before they are needed, so that a full supply may be kept on hand.

BY ORDER OF BALLOT COMMITTEE.

VOTE FOR OTIS H. WALDO.

### The Vote for Mayor in 1859.

We publish, for reference, the vote in the different Wards for Mayor in '59, which was as follows:

| | LAPHAM. | PAGE. |
|---|---|---|
| First Ward | 260 | 619 |
| Second Ward | 227 | 865 |
| Third Ward | 171 | 1070 |
| Fourth Ward | 818 | 604 |
| Fifth Ward | 176 | 495 |
| Sixth Ward | 199 | 507 |
| Seventh Ward | 472 | 702 |
| Eighth Ward | 925 | 990 |
| Ninth Ward | 116 | 508 |
| | 2178 | 5894 |

Page's majority 3,356.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Chamber of Commerce last night, the following officers and and committees were elected for the ensuing year:

*President*—HORATIO HILL.
*Vice-President*—O. E. BRITT.
*Secretary*—L. L. CROUNSE.
*Treasurer*—J. C. MONTGOMERY.

*Board of Arbitration.*

L. H. KELLOGG, JOHN BRADFORD,
JOHN PLANKINTON, O. E. BRITT,
DAN'L NEWHALL.

*Standing Committee.*

WM. B. HIBBARD, J. H. SEELY, JR.
M. S. NICKOLS, EDWARD RODDIS,
ROBERT READ.

*Board of Directors.*

S. T. HOOKER, JOHN BRADFORD,
A. L. HUTCHINSON, M. W. CLARKE,
E. SANDERSON, P. R. STORM,
ANGUS SMITH, WM. YOUNG,
L. J. HIGBY.

DANIEL NEWHALL offered the following:

*Resolved*, That the inspector of Wheat be prohibited from buying or selling wheat for himself or others, directly or indirectly.

There was a good deal of discussion about this subject, but the resolution was finally adopted by a vote of 36 to 17.

S. T. HOOKER presented the following:

*Resolved*, That the thanks of this Board be offered to L. L. CROUNSE, as Secretary, for his very able report of the trade and commerce of this city for 1859.

Unanimously adopted.

O. E. BRITT offered the following:

*Resolved*, That the thanks of this Board are hereby tendered to J. C. MONTGOMERY for the very satisfactory manner in which he has transacted the duties of Treasurer during the past term.

Also adopted.

The subject of renting a place of meeting was talked over considerably. Some urged the propriety of renting a room on Michigan Street, in order to be near the Banks, while the majority appeared disposed to remain in building now occupied by the Board. The whole matter, however, was laid on the table until Saturday, to give the members individually an opportunity to examine the different rooms spoken of, after which the meeting adjourned.

VOTE THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

THIRD WARD.—At the request of Mr. TIMOTHY O'BRIEN, we publish his reply to the Communication of Councilor MCGRATH in the *Sentinel* of Saturday last:

Having noticed a communication in the *Sentinel* of yesterday morning, signed "John McGrath, Councillor and Street Commissioner," purporting to give a statement of the expenses of the Third Ward, for the years 1857, 1858 and 1859; and knowing that his object in contrasting the expenses of those years, at the present time, when I am a candidate for Councilman in the Third Ward, is to create an impression that the Ward funds were not judiciously managed by me in 1857, I have taken the trouble to examine the records and submit the following summary of the disbursements in that year:

| | |
|---|---|
| The whole amount disbursed from March, 1857, to March, 1858, is | $21,806 48 |
| Of which there was audited and paid on the 13th of April, 1857, of the debts of 1856 | 5,838 11 |
| Leaving the expenses of 1857 | $15,968 37 |
| Of this there was expended for paving the streets, alleys and crossings on Wisconsin, Michigan, Huron, Detroit, Buffalo Ontario, Menomonee and Erie streets, and all streets and alleys running at right angles therewith | $,279 90 |
| For filling, grading and gravelling crossings on said streets and alleys | 2,539 90 |
| For making and repairing pumps | 201 00 |
| For digging and cleaning wells | 99 50 |
| For lead and pumps for wells | 186 45 |
| For lumber for building sewers and crossings | 150 50 |
| For cleaning streets and alleys | 514 66 |
| For building and repairing sewers | 1,096 10 |
| For printing and advertising | 261 72 |
| For section pump | 15 00 |
| For salary of health officer | 160 00 |
| For salary of City Surveyor (Trowbridge) | 797 78 |
| For salary of Clerk St. Commissioner | 293 90 |
| For M. Delaney's judgment against the ward | 52 35 |
| For election expenses | 28 00 |
| For gas bill | 1,142 40 |
| For sundry other work | 159 78 |
| | $15,933 37 |

Mr. McGrath has stated that the expenses of the Ward for 1858 was $14,924 65, and for 1859, $8,698 68; but I assert that, when the unaudited bills, and the expenses for the month of March are added, the expenses for the year 1859 will not be less than $11,000, if not more. The tax-payers of the Third Ward are well aware that there has not been a tenth part of the work done in 1859 that there was in 1857. Now Mr. Editor, although I am not apt to throw blame on any person, yet, I would ask the tax-payers of the Third Ward to look thro' the Ward and see whether there has been work executed during the past year equal to $11,000, whilst they cannot fail to recognize from the above summary the various works of utility that were performed in the year 1857. As I have said before, McGrath's object in making his statement is to injure me, and by that means aid the Republican nominee for Councilman, but unless I am greatly mistaken—now that I had this opportunity of explaining—I think it will have a contrary effect. However that may be, I am content to abide the decision of the tax-payers and voters on Tuesday next.

TIMOTHY O'BRIEN.

Milwaukee, March 31, 1860.

VOTE FOR JOHN H. TESCH.

PALUDAL MIASM.—The Chemists have long been laboring to detect this subtle poison, and determine what it is. Doctor AYRE, of Lowell, has at length succeeded. He finds it to be an etherial exhalation of vegetable decay, which is evolved only in the presence and by the assistance of water. Its absorption through the lungs into the blood is the whole cause of the billiary derangements which result in the Intermittent Fevers, so afflicting and so prevalent in our climate. An antidote for this insidious venom, is one of the great desiderata in medicine, and the Doctor feels sure that he has found one which not only neutralizes but expels it completely from the system. It is put

# THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 3, 1860.


## REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

A. SCOTT SLOAN.

REPUBLICAN CITY TICKET.

FOR MAYOR,
OTIS H. WALDO.
FOR COMPTROLLER,
CICERO COMSTOCK.
FOR TREASURER,
JOHN H. TESCH.
FOR CITY ATTORNEY,
HALBERT E. PAINE.
FOR CLERK OF MUNICIPAL COURT,
THEODORE WETTSTEIN.

WARD NOMINATIONS.

FIRST WARD.
*For Aldermen*—NICHOLAS O'NEIL.
*For Councilor*—ANDREW ARGUS.
*For Assessor*—JOHN E'CH.
*For Constable*—DANIEL CAMPBELL.
*For Justice of Peace*—C. C. HARTINGER.
*For E. R. Commissioner*—THOMAS BURK.

SECOND WARD.
*Alderman*—T. MCPHERSON.
*Councilor*—JOHN RITSCHIE.
*Justice of Peace*—A. COTZHAUSEN.
*E. R. Commissioner*—E. BECHTEL.
*Constable*—A. SULZER.
*Assessor*—JACOB GINTZ.

THIRD WARD.
*For Aldermen*—WM. BROWN, JR.
*Councilor*—JOHN CUMMINGS.
*Justice of the Peace*—J. R. JUDSON.
*Assessor*—JOHN S. MITCHELL.
*Constable*—THOS. KERR.
*E. R. Commissioner*—JOHN FRENCH.

FOURTH WARD.
*Aldermen*—EDWIN HYDE.
*Councilor*—JOHN PLANKINTON.
*Justice of the Peace*—NATHAN PERELES.
*Assessor*—DANIEL SCHULTZ.
*Constable*—GROVENOR.
*E. R. Commissioner*—SAMUEL L. ELMORE.

FIFTH WARD.
*Aldermen*—WM. GOODNOW.
*Councilor*—MICHAEL MEYSONS.
*Assessor*—JOHN C. SMITH.
*Constable*—FRANCIS SOLBINGER.
*E. R. Commissioner*—HENRY TOLSER.

SIXTH WARD.
*Alderman*—JOSEPH BROWN.
*Councilor*—G. WAGNER.
*Assessor*—W. F. OTTO.
*Justice of the Peace*—H. CURTIS.
*Constable*—H. YANSEN.
*E. R. Commissioner*—W. PIERCE.

SEVENTH WARD.
*Alderman*—W. A. PRENTISS.
*Assessor*—G. B. NORRIS.
*Justice of the Peace*—E. P. HOTCHKISS.
*Assessor*—JAMES MURRAY.
*Constable*—ROBERT MILLER.
*E. R. Commissioner*—ROBERT ELIOT.

EIGHTH WARD.
*Alderman*—J. C. K. NIEDERMAN.
*Councilor*—F. VOGEL.
*Assessor*—DAN. HELLER.
*Constable*—FRED. BETT.
*E. R. Commissioner*—J. A. NOLDEN.

ELECTION, TUESDAY, APRIL 3, 1860.

### The Sentinel for the Campaign.

In order to circulate Republican matter among the people during the coming campaign, we have concluded to furnish the WEEKLY SENTINEL for six months for fifty cents. To clubs of fifty and upwards, where all the papers are sent to one address, at the rate of forty cents per copy, or $20 for fifty copies. Now is the time to circulate the SENTINEL and disseminate the Republican documents far and wide.

## THE ELECTION TO-DAY.

### EVERY MAN TO HIS POST AND DUTY!!

It can hardly be necessary to remind any reader of the SENTINEL that our City Election takes place *to-day*. It is without exaggeration, the most important one that has been held in Milwaukee for many years, and both parties are making unusual efforts to carry it; the Democrats that they may retain their accustomed ascendancy here, and the Republicans that they may bring about RETRENCHMENT and REFORM in our City affairs. As a general rule, each party has made strong nominations. There are better men on the respective tickets than are ordinarily presented for the suffrages of the Electors. A comparison of the candidates, will, however, satisfy all impartial judges that the advantage, in point of business talent, experience, energy and integrity, is decidedly with the Republicans. While nobody disputes that both Mr. LYNDE and Mr. WALDO would honor the office of Mayor, few will deny that Mr. WALDO is the fitter man of the two for this laborious post. Of the two candidates for Comptroller, it must be remembered that while Mr. KUEHN made an honest and capable Treasurer, Mr. COMSTOCK has had the experience of several years in the Comptroller's office and won universal praise by the faithful and efficient manner in which he discharged its responsible duties.

To the Democratic candidate for Treasurer, it is successfully objected that he has been diligently seeking this nomination for weeks past, and that he employed improper means to secure it. His Republican opponent, JOHN H. TESCH, is well known throughout the city, and bears an irreproachable character. No one questions that every cent of the public money that may come into his hands, will be faithfully accounted for.

Between the two nominees for City Attorney, JOSHUA LADUE and HALBERT E. PAINE, there is a very decided choice. Both of them are promising young men, and both have warm friends, but it is no disparagement to Mr. LADUE to say, that Mr. PAINE has superior qualifications for the office, and will unquestionably best discharge its manifold duties.

In the above comparison we have endeavored faithfully to set forth the relative merits of the opposing City Tickets, without dealing in unnecessary, or unfounded personalities. It is enough for us, as Republicans, to know, that our candidates are worthy of our cause and deserve our united and enthusiastic support. They ought to receive the vote of EVERY REPUBLICAN ELECTOR in Milwaukee, and the votes, as well, of all citizens who earnestly desire a change in our municipal affairs, and who prefer the permanent welfare and good name and fame of our city to the ephemeral success of any party.

### Politics in Delaware—the Chicago Convention.

*Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.*

LEWES, Del., March 21, 1860.

The problem has been solved. After a protracted discussion, in which the question was viewed in all its bearings, it has been determined that Delaware shall be represented in the Chicago Convention. The Republicans have called a State Convention to assemble at the Capitol at an early date, as a preparatory measure. At this meeting there will doubtless be a free interchange of opinion with respect to the present and effective phase of affairs. The People's Party, it is understood, will now not identify themselves with this move, deeming it more judicious to await the action of the Republicans at Chicago. Neither will they send delegates to represent them at the Convention of the National Union party to take place in Baltimore. For the reason they will stand off and be very quiescent. Should the Republicans nominate a candidate acceptable to this party, the prospect for an affiliation on the part of the people with the former will be very fair. Should Judge Bates be the nominee, the elements will be united generally, as has been said in a previous letter. Seward cannot unite them, in the humble judgment of your correspondent. In hoisting the Bates flag at the head of their columns, one or two of the Opposition papers have reflected the views of the people.

The prevailing sentiment of this State will not influence the Chicago Convention to any great extent, it is supposed. Her claims will be lost sight, and it may be a matter of indifference to that body what little Delaware desires; but it is an affair of much moment to us what kind of nomination is made. The result of our State election will depend much on the standard of the man; for the salvation of the opposing party in this State, in the opinion of many, depends upon the election of Edward Bates. Though Seward has warm friends and supporters here, who acknowledge his talents as a statesman, and would vote with much grace for him, still, there are few who do not feel and admit that such a nomination would be very disastrous to the prospects of the Opposition of this State. There would be no expediency in this selection so far as Delaware is concerned.

### Considerations for German Electors.

*For the Sentinel.*

MR. EDITOR:—It is seldom that I take up my pen to write for the press, and it may appear strange that I address this to you, a Republican; but, knowing that many truths are looked upon and received with little favor by any partisan press, just on the eve of an election, when those truths are calculated to weaken their forces or diminish their numbers. I thought it would be useless to address any Democratic editor, as this is calculated to effect or influence us Germans in a manner not favorable to Democracy at the present. I claim, Sir, to be a Democrat; not by name, but by principle; but may be denounced as a Black Republican by many who entertain the same views as myself, but who, by reason of public opinion, dare not express them. I am willing to be called by any name, or any thing, rather than have my rights and the rights of my fellow countrymen, and the principles of right and justice trodden under foot and wholly disregarded.

I propose to say a few words, plainly and frankly, in reference to the relation which exists between my German fellow-citizens and the Irish, and also as to the so-called Democratic party. It is a well known fact and is the subject of remark throughout this and sister States, that we Germans, as a mess, and the Irish, vote one and the same ticket year after year; that we, together with the Irish, constitute about three-fourths of all the individuals who vote the Democratic ticket when political issues are at stake.

Now what is the reason which causes the Germans and the Irish to thus work together? Have the Germans such a deep regard for the Irish, or have they such a deep regard for the Germans as to make them one people? Is it true that the Germans and the Irish are so near alike that they must necessarily vote and act together at the polls on election days? No! Probably if there is any one class of people who hate us worse than any other it is the Irish. 'Tis true that there are many among them who respect our rights and who are worthy of the esteem of all good citizens, but a great majority of them try to rule us and tread upon our dearest rights. In our military and firemen's parades they tauntingly treat us as their inferiors; and at our caucuses and conventions they try to trample under foot our rights and deny us the privilege of having one of our own number as a candidate to any office whatever. Go wherever you will and be surrounded by whatever circumstances you may, at all times and in all places, except at the ballot-box, and there is a spirit of enmity and revenge manifested by the Irish against the Germans. The Germans have caused the triumphant election of the Democratic ticket year after year, while the candidates upon that ticket have generally been men who were opposed in the Convention by them and supported by the Irish. But what recompense do we get for our labors in electing the men on such a ticket? Some may say that we secure a Democratic victory; but what is a Democratic victory worth when it brings all who supported it in disgrace, when it secures official stations which ought to be filled by men of honesty and capability, to those who are swindlers, thieves and forgers.—None will pretend to say that had it not been for the Irish LYNCH or GARDINER would have been nominated, and if not nominated then not elected.

In our late City Convention, we presented Mr. JACOBS as a suitable person as candidate for Treasurer. What was the result? The delegates from these wards influenced by the Irish were almost unanimously against him. Yet, on the first two ballots, he received twenty-seven votes, it being more than was given for any other one, and only wanting one ballot to make a majority over all others; but by strong applications of $50 and $100 offers, JACOBS was defeated, and the Irish succeeded in nominating the man of their own choice; and what has been done this spring is only a repetition of what is done every spring. The Irish holding the balance of power, cause the nomination of their own men, and then ask us to elect them and bear the responsibility. Irish whisky controls the Irish votes; Irish votes choose delegates who control the convention, and the convention nominates men who are placed upon a ticket called a *Democratic ticket*, and then the Germans heretofore have elected it by about two thousand majority, thus placing the interests of the city at the mercy of the one who can pay for the most Irish whisky. Such has been the history of our party proceedings for the past few years. The Germans have labored hard and long to remedy the evil, but we have labored in vain. We have demanded that our rights and the good name and welfare of the party should be regarded, but our demands have been treated with contempt.

We have done everything that could be done to make the democratic party a party worthy of the support of our citizens, but every effort at every election has seemed to plunge the party deeper and deeper in corruption, profligacy and prodigality. What has been done here has ceased to be done in the cities of Rochester, Buffalo, Cleveland, Chicago and St. Louis. It was but a few years ago that in each of those cities the Irish had complete sway over the Germans in their caucuses and conventions as here. Year after year they would work against them, trampling their dearest rights in the dust, and defeating every measure proposed, or advocated by a German, if possible, and continually placing in power ambitious and scheming demagogues and bringing disgrace and shame upon our party until forbearance there long since ceased to be a virtue, and the Germans have arisen in the true dignity of their manhood, and asserting their rights, they have sworn allegiance to principles instead of men or party, and have resolved to treat an enemy as an enemy, whether it came to them in the disguise of a name of a friend or not, not only in caucuses and conventions but even at the ballot boxes, until now they have gained their rights and are no longer ruled and misruled by their Irish foes.

I know heretofore it has been hard to be called anything but a Democrat; but when I remember how many changes have been made in Democratic principles for the last few years, and that Democracy is but a name, I say I had rather be called anything than to vote with the great mass of Irish, as they have heretofore voted, and place their tools in power. There is scarcely anything which can be more disgraceful for a German to do, than to act with a foe, but that foe to be an Irish foe, and to be the standard-bearer of the banner of Old Democracy, and to march under its once ample folds and then to ask us to march with them, is the greatest of insults, and to obey their requests is a greater disgrace and shame. I know that a great many Germans, who have been anxious to find the right and to do it, have been favored and influenced by the name of Democracy and have been restrained from voting any other ticket, for fear of being called a Black Republican or a Shanghai. I this city, but a short time ago, for a German to be called anything but a Democrat, was looked upon by many as equivalent to an insult; so it once was in Chicago, but now to be called a Democrat there, or to be a Democrat, is enough to bring a German into disgrace and reproach among his fellow-countrymen.

So it once was, and is now, in many of our large cities, and soon shall it be here. Already the name of Democracy is associated with corruption, with fraud, and with forgery; already it is hard for a German to hold up his head and say "I am a Democrat."—The name has lost its power, and the Irish for the past few years (excepting the Germans) have been its principal supporters.—The Democrats have pretended to be in favor of freedom and against oppression, but at the present time nearly every Free State is Republican, and every Slave State Democratic. The Democrats of the North now vote for and with the Democrats of the South; the South works to make more Slave States so that the free labor of our children and our children's children will have to compete with Slave labor in the far West and South West, and several of the Southern Democratic States also have passed laws making it necessary for all the free blacks within their borders to run away and come here to the North among us, or be reduced to Slavery. And the present Democratic party are in favor of letting slavery go into all our territories whether the people want it or not; while the Republican party is in favor of dedicating them to freedom and free labor forever. The present Democratic party have just defeated in Congress the great and good Homestead Bill which was proposed and advocated by the Republicans.

The Republicans are in favor of protecting our home manufactories; the Democrats are opposed to that protection, and every thing, and every principle which is calculated to promote the welfare of a party or procure the prosperity and happiness of the people, seems to have been lost sight of by those who now pretend to be Democrats by name. Individual and public rights, the welfare of the city and nation, all appear to be sacrificed to more party purposes and ends.

In view of the above facts it becomes every German to consider well his duty as a citizen of these United States. It becomes them to throw aside all party names, and to come out and stand up for their rights and the eternal principle of right and justice. If the present Democracy offer us their protection from misrule and high taxes, tell them that we desire no such protection; *protection, such* protection as the swindler gives to the swindled, as the robber gives to his victim, and as a foe, clothed in hypocrisy by a Democratic robe, gives to its enemy. If they ask us to assist in securing a Democratic victory, tell them that we ask for no such victory; a victory which will only bring disgrace and shame and plunge us deeper and still deeper into the vortex of corruption.

If they tell us that because we will not vote with those who now pretend to be Democrats we are not Democrats, tell them that we now stand where they stood in 1848, and that they then were Democrats. Tell them that we stand upon the principles of JEFFERSON, MADISON and MONROE, and that they were the founders of Democracy; and that if we are not called Democrats to-day, it is not because the principles of Democracy have changed, but because the party has changed. Tell them that they are not the real Democrats; that they cling to and follow after the shadow, while we turn our back to it and face and follow after the substance. And tell them, too, that we, henceforth and forever, will labor with those who labor, and will vote with those who vote; to carry out and secure the principles which we believe to be right and just, whether they be called by the name of Republicans, Democrats, or Shanghais, and that that party which is laboring to establish and defend those principles which are nearest in accordance with those which we profess, will ever secure our vote, our sympathy, and our labor; and believing such a course to be right and just, we will ever try to maintain it, and will eventually secure our public offices to worthy men and inaugurate a system of reform which will wipe out corruption and elevate our city to a position where she will be worthy of the name of the Queen City of the West.

Mr. Editor, in making these remarks, I do not ask you to endorse them; but, sir, they are the mere expression of a feeling which has lately been aroused and will be felt on our next election day.

"GERMAN."

### MORE OF OREGON GOLD DISCOVERIES!

**The Most Enormous Yield ever heard of—Five Hundred Ounces a Day from Arrastra—Fifty thousand Dollars a Day by Two Hands—Quartz Worth Ten Dollars a Pound.**

*Correspondence of the Alta California.*

JACKSONVILLE, Southern Oregon, February 22, 1860.

The quartz fever has continued to hold undisputed possession of this hitherto quiet people; and it cannot be disputed that there are indications of an extension of its ravages to adjoining counties and abroad; and small wonder is it that such is the case, when it is known that within the last six weeks old Dame Fortune permitted one of her stray streaks of good luck to strike this obscure corner of the world endwise, upsetting its established equanimity, kindly lifting the wet blanket of comparative poverty from a number of our citizens, and plunging them head over heels, without any probation or preparation, into the depths of sudden wealth. The quartz developments have really put a new face on the affairs of this region, which will ere long be seen and felt abroad. There is now a possibility of washing out cash enough from our quartz ledges to construct ditches sufficiently extensive to set about ten thousand men at work, sluicing out the rich hills, gulches, flats, etc, and thus make us, in some degree, independent of such dry times as we have enjoyed this winter.

Gold Hill is now a famous locality, commanding our veneration and regard, for the very generous manner in which it shells out the treasure.

The Emigrant Company, as it is now called, have finished their arrastra, and after grinding for two days on common quartz, that would pay about $500 per ton, for the purpose of smoothing the bed and filling up the crevices, they proceeded to tumble in 250 pounds of rich quartz; then starting the engine—*i. e.*, the mule round and round—for about ten hours, when they cleaned up and weighed the proceeds, which amounted to the snug sum of four hundred and forty ounces of gold, which will assay about $16 per ounce. Besides this, there were some fifty ounces taken out of the cracks in the bed of the arrastra, which escaped their notice on the first cleaning up—which makes four hundred and ninety ounces for the first day's work, with the primitive Mexican grinder.

The same day two of the company commenced taking quartz from the ledge. They worked about six hours, then weighed the quartz taken out, and from a safe estimate it was found that, in that short space of time, they had taken out the enormous sum of $50,000. These figures may seem astounding but they express nothing more than solid fact.

It is now ascertained that there is twelve feet of the ledge of pure unburned quartz, twenty inches wide and six feet deep, that is permeated with threads of gold, and will pay above ten dollars per pound. So far, its richness increases with depth. The last quartz they took out yesterday, at the depth of six feet, pays one dollar to the ounce. To-morrow they could easily take out $100,000 worth of quartz.

If their claims continue to pay at this rate a few weeks only, the company will have the extreme satisfaction of scattering a few millions to increase the volume and velocity of the channels of commerce.

Purchasing an interest in the company now is out of the question—as they are willing to take all the chances of lead stopping payment.

The company propose sending three or four blocks of quartz to Tucker's jewelry store in your city, where they can be seen by the public.

They are building another "arrasta," which will be in operation in a day or two. To day, the company sent up orders to Mr. Maury, the treasurer, to send down purses that will hold two thousand ounces; they will send up, to-morrow, over one thousand ounces, which the treasurer will forward to an assay office, probably Yreka, to be put into bars.

A MAGNIFICENT PRESENT.—By the Columbus *Journal* we get the following, which explains itself:

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 21, 1860.

*J. W. Andrews, Esq*—SIR—Lyne Starling, of the city of Columbus, dying in November, 1848, left an estate of nearly a million of dollars, to be distributed in numerous legacies after his death.

This great and responsible trust was committed to you as his executor, without bond or other security for its faithful management, than your integrity.

We congratulate you that this trust has now been brought to a successful termination, in accordance with the wishes, and fulfilling completely the instructions of the testator, and in a manner alike honorable to yourself and satisfactory to us, the kindred and legates of the late Lyne Starling.

Wishing not only to manifest our high personal regard for yourself, but to make substantial acknowledgement of your faithful and valuable services in our behalf, we offer the accompanying testimonial.

Respectfully,

LEGATES OF LYNE STARLING.

[Signed by the Delegates.]

Accompanying this letter to Mr. Andrews was a massive silver salver and pitcher, of several hundred dollars value, and in the pitcher were one hundred double-eagles of American gold—$2,000.

### HORRIBLE CALAMITY IN NEW YORK.

**Ten Persons Burned to Death.**

*From the New York Evening Post, 26th ult.*

Another of the horrible calamities which must be expected until the Legislature takes measures to protect the occupants of tenement houses in this city, occurred in Forty-fifth street, at an early hour this morning, by which nine, and probably ten human beings were burned to death.

About a quarter past four, o'clock, when all the occupants were sound asleep, a fire broke out in the wooden tenement house No. 99, a little west of 6th avenue.

The fire originated in the hall, and is supposed by some to have been the work of an incendiary.

The building is four stories high and is divided into four parts. Everything was of wood and highly combustible. The four houses together had 75 feet of front, giving 18 3-4 feet breadth to each house, with 45 feet depth. The hallways were only five feet six inches wide, including stairways, which were only about two feet wide.

Into this wretched structure, so combustible that fire must of necessity spread to every part almost instantaneously, were crowded from twenty to thirty families, men, women and children, without sufficient means of egress.

When the fire broke out this morning, the flames spread with great rapidity through the entire structure; and the alarm bell sounded for the Second instead of the First district; by which accident some time elapsed before the engines were brought to the spot and set to work.

The lower part of the house was a mass of flame before the wretched inmates of the upper part were aroused; and when they awoke to a consciousness of their situation, a scene of horror ensued which beggars description. The cries for assistance, which could not be rendered, and the frantic efforts of those who had escaped, to save their friends or children, made up a scene which can only be imagined by those who have witnessed one equally terrible.

The first floor was occupied by Martin Redmond, as a grocery and liquor store; the upper floors were occupied by six families.—Thomas Burnett, with his wife and four children, occupied a back room on the fourth floor. His wife and children all perished in the flames.

Andrew Whalen, his wife and four children, occupied the back room on the third floor.—Mrs. Whalen and her four children also perished in the flames.

Jane McNally, a sister in law of Thomas Burnett, who was visiting her sister, escaped by leaping from a fourth story window into the yard, breaking her thigh. She was also severely burned and otherwise injured. She was conveyed to the City Hospital.

Up to this morning ten bodies had been taken from the ruins and removed to the 22d ward station house.

The body of a young man is still supposed to be among the burning embers.

The police and fireman were at work all night.

### Charleston Convention—High Charges.

The Charleston *Mercury* defends the landlords of that city for their extortionate charges during the session of the Convention. Besides the ordinary reasons which could be urged by any other place with equal force, the *Mercury* presents some quite peculiar to that latitude. It says:

"There is, too, another view of the subject that is not perhaps sufficiently borne in mind in the abuse heaped upon Charleston for the apparent want of hospitality. The Convention is a party caucus not well thought of in South Carolina. There are gentlemen in various portions of the State who take upon themselves to represent her. But it is well known that the overwhelming voice of South Carolina is against any participation in its counsels. The meeting, even in Charleston, and was a very feeble and badly supported demonstration. Throughout the State the whole movement is looked upon with profound indifference and distrust. The appointment to meet at Charleston is regarded, too, as an effort to enlist our people, and in fact to inaugurate and build up a spoils party in the State much more attached to party than the State ever has been.

"With this feeling and the views prevalent, it is absurd to expect—what has never anywhere been expected—unbounded hospitality to be lavished on the Convention, or its Plug-Ugly bullies and corps of camp followers, who, from the galleries, would overawe the body by outside pressure. The idea is a piece of Yankee insolence, which we are surprised to hear Southern men re-echo."

The Democracy of the country must feel flattered by this view of the case. They are not wanted at Charleston at all, but since they will come, they must expect to be unmercifully fleeced. The idea of their complaining at this, adds to the insolence of their original conduct. It was bad enough to go to Charleston at all;—but to complain of being swindled afterwards, adds insult to to injury. The feelings of the Charleston chivalry are lacerated in their tenderest points.

The *Mercury* gives due notice that beyond the five or six thousand guests whom the hotels can accommodate, no provision will be made. The "outside mob" must be curtailed.—*N. Y. Times.*


## For Sale or Rent.

**BRICK HOUSE TO LET.**

ONE OF MY BRICK HOUSES ON Prospect Street, to let cheap. JACOB MAHLEL.
mar26'60d3mo

**TO LET.**

THE COTTAGE ON PROSPECT Street, owned by Judge Cross, withone acre of land, fruit, shrubbery, &c. The house contains a parlour, library, dining room, kitchen and three bed rooms, all on one floor. Will be rented for a year, with or without the furniture. Apply to A. F. CLARKE,
mar28'60tf No. 4 Mitchell's Bank Building.

**TO BREWERS.**

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING PURCHASED the Brewery late in the possession of Rhenne & Meister, and not intending to carry it on as a brewery, offers for sale the Plant, &c., of said concern, consisting of a first class Copper Boiler, Steam Engine, Malt Mill, Wort Pump and other fixtures; also a parcel of Puncheons and loose articles.
M. MIDDLEWOOD.
mar27'60 d1w

**Houses and Lots for Sale & Lease**

M. L. SKINNER,
Office No. 4 Martin's Block
feb22'60d3mo

SEVERAL HOUSES AND LEASE FOR sale very low. M. L. SKINNER.

HOUSE ON LOT 2, BLOCK 65, 7TH Ward, and lease for sale; price $400.
M. L. SKINNER.

**TO PLASTERERS.**

2,000 BUSH. PLASTERING HAIR for sale cheap. Orders from the country solicited, at J. K. Sherman's Tannery, on the Canal Water Power, Sixth Ward, Milwaukee, Wis.
mar16'60d3m
J. K. SHERMAN.

**CITY AUCTION ROOM.**

TWO HOUSES ON A 60 FOOT LOT, for 127 feet deep, on Jackson street, between Biddle and Martin streets, will be sold very cheap and on good and easy terms. Also, the one acre lot and dwelling House on Prospect street, late Ward, now owned and occupied by Judge Cross. The situation is beautiful. All description of Shrubbery, Fruit, &c. The House is a good one and in tenantable order. Will sell said premises upon terms that will suit any one. No money required down.
mar27 CALEB WALL

**FOR RENT**

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, THE Fire Proof Store, No. 39 East Water st., now occupied by Messrs. Jewel, Rice & Co. Terms to suit the times. CHARLES C. WENDT,
mar21'60d1mo 283 Market Square

**TO LET.**

FOR A TERM OF YEARS, THOSE two lots on the west side of River st., adjoining the Coal Yard and Tannery, north of Oneida Street bridge. Enquire of F. TRENKAMP & CO.
mar19'60d1m Corner of Case and Michigan Sts.

**TO LET.**

THE BRICK STORE NO. 169 EAST Water street, now occupied by Green & Hatton. Possession given the 1st of May. Apply to A. F. G. CLARKE,
Feb. 16th, 1860. No. 4 Mitchell's Building.

**CITY AUCTION ROOM.**

FOR SALE OR FOR RENT ON VERY easy terms, the North tenement of double house on Jackson street, second tenement above Sheriff Hunter. The house is in good order and very convenient. Possession given immediately. Apply to
feb7 CALEB WALL, Owner.

**Steamboat City of Cleveland**

FOR SALE.

THE STEAMER CITY OF CLEVELAND was built by Bidwell, Banta & Co., in the year 1857, and is of seven hundred and eighty-eight tons burthen, or thereabouts.

This Steamer has ample passenger accommodations, and is well furnished and equipped as a first class passenger boat; her capacity for freight and passengers is fully equal (if not superior) to any steamer on the Lakes of her tonnage, and is a staunch first class boat.

The Boat will be sold on very favorable terms, both as to price and terms of payment, and to parties desiring to purchase a Steamboat a rare opportunity is offered. A full and perfect title will be guaranteed to the purchaser. For further particular enquire of PASCAL P. PRATT, Of the firm of Pratt & Co., Buffalo.
jan23'60 d3mo

**ALSO FOR SALE,**

THE THREE SCHOONERS, TO WIT: Schooner ELIZA LOGAN, tonnage 369 66-95; Schooner WINGS OF THE WIND, tonnage 370; Schooner GOV. HUNT, tonnage 186 [illegible]. Either or all of the above named vessels will be sold on liberal terms. Apply to PRATT & CO.,
jan23'60 d3mo Buffalo, N. Y.

**CITY AUCTION ROOM.**

THE OFFICE ROOMS OVER THE Railroad Offices, corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, I will rent until the 1st of May next. The best location in the city. CALEB WALL.
oct7

**NOTICE.**

FIFTH WARD GAS LIGHT COMPANY. The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Co. for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Office of the Company, on Monday the 9th day of April next, at 10 o'clock A. M. Polls open at noon.
Milwaukee, March 28th, 1860.
mar30'60 d3td HARRIMAN, Sec.

## Auction Sales.

**CITY AUCTION ROOM,**

NUMBER 134 EAST WATER STREET, Milwaukee. CALEB WALL will sell all descriptions of goods at his usual prices, advances on all goods, and sell at public or private sale. ce13

**CITY AUCTION ROOM.**

NO. 134 EAST WATER ST., FORMERly occupied by Strickland & Co. Great and extensive sale of Stock of Watches, Jewelry, &c., to be sold on account of whom it may concern. The stock is complete in every way and will be sold without any reserve whatever. Stock consists in part of Gold Hunting Chronometers, Gold Hunting Margut Lever, do Hunters, also the American Watch, made by Appleton & Tracy, Waltham, Mass; Silver watches of all kinds. Gold Guard, Vest, Neck and other Chains, Canes, Garnet Lava, Gold Stone Sets, Pins Chains, Drops, all to match latest style. Diamond rings, Plated Forks, Spoons, Ladies, and many other goods too numerous to mention. Sale to commence Friday, March 30th, 10 A. M., and continue each day and evening until further notice. Great inducements to dealers and peddlers, as the goods must and will be sold. The ladies are particularly invited to attend the sales, or call and purchase articles at private sale. CALEB WALL, Auctioneer.
E. R. LYON, Agent.
mar19

**CITY AUCTION ROOM.**

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE FROM Louis F. Milantz and Charles Milantz to Charles Wroth, was adjourned from the 23d of March to April 3d, Tuesday, therefore, on Tuesday, April 3d, commencing at 10 o'clock, a. m. CALEB WALL, Auctioneer for Mortgagee.

**CITY AUCTION ROOM.**

TWO LARGE FURNITURE SALES AT Dwelling Houses, to come off April 12th, all the furniture of Doctor ——, at his dwelling House on Astor street, between Knapp and Ogden st. Catalogues for sale at the stock of Furniture in Tuesday's paper. April 10th, all the furniture of Mr. Belden, at his dwelling house, corner of Martin and Lake sts., on lake shore. Furniture is of a superior quality and great variety. Full Catalogue describing said furniture, will be ready by April 1st.
mar31 CALEB WALL.

**WILLIAMS & RODWAY,**

Auction and Commission Merchants,

LAND AGENTS AND MONEY BROKERS,

19 WISCONSIN STREET, 19.

WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENtion to the sale of Furniture, Dry Goods, and every description of Merchandize, & their Sale room is the most central of the City or County.

☞ Liberal advances on consignments, and prompt returns made.

N. B.—Bonds, Notes, and Mortgages negotiated.
R. WILLIAMS. W. H. RODWAY.
Milwaukee, January 17, 1860. jan18'60d3m

## Books and Stationery.

**The 7th Volume**

—OF—

**THE WISCONSIN REPORTS,**

CAN BE FOUND AT

**S. C. WEST'S.**

ALSO THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF Law Blanks, Blank Books, Stationery, &c.—Lawyers will do well to call.

☞ My stock of WALL PAPER is the

**Largest in the City.**

S. C. WEST,
dec21'59 d1y 365 East Water st., Milwaukie.

**H. C. BRADLEY & CO.,**

Successors to Chase & Bradley,

**Rag and Paper Dealers,**

WAREHOUSE, 210 WEST WATER ST.,

**Counting Room, No. 1 Wisconsin St.,**

MILWAUKEE, WIS.
feb15'60 d1y jr25

**PAPER WARE HOUSE!**

**REMOVAL.**

WE HAVE REMOVED FROM OUR former place of business,

**No. 5 Albany Building,**

Michigan street, opposite Newhall House to our New Store

**No. 1 Wisconsin Street,**

LUDINGTON'S BLOCK,

**East End of Spring Street Bridge,**

Where we shall be happy to wait upon all our old customers, and as many new ones as may find it for their interest to trade with us. Our stock consists in part of the following:

**Printers' Stock,**

Such as PRINTING, BOOK, COLORED, ASSORTED & COVER PAPERS.
Also every variety of FLAT AND FOLDED PLAIN PAPERS BOND, MAP FOLIO, AND FANCY GLAZED PAPER, NEWS, BOOK, AND CARD INKS,

**Book Binders' Stock,**

SUPER ROYAL, ROYAL, MEDIUM, DEMI, CROWN, CAP PAPER, &c... &c., &c.

**To Country Merchants and Stationers**

We would say that we have almost every article in their line, such as all kinds of Ruled Paper, Envelopes, Blotting Paper, Ink, Ink Stands, Pens, Pen Holders, Quills, Writing Books, Composition Exercises, Slates, Lead and Slate Pencils, Diaries, Ducks, Memorandums, Pass Books, Mucilage, Sealing Wax, Crayons, Cotton, Linen and Hemp Twine, Coil Rope and Bed Cords
Also every variety of

**Coarse and Fine Wrapping Papers.**

We will pay the highest market price in cash or trade for paper rags, old rope, canvass, old papers, and woolen rags.
nov15'59 cally HANFORD, BLACKMARR & CO.

**H. NIEDECKEN & CO.,**

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

**STATIONERS,**

**BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,**

RULERS AND BINDERS.

BINDERS STOCK, PRINTING INK, AND Wax Papers, always on hand in large quantities. Antique binding in the neatest style. No 319 East Water St., Kneeland's Block, Milwaukee.
Apr6'59 d1y

**HUMBOLDT PAPER MILL.**

**REMOVAL.**

WE HAVE REMOVED OUR STORE from No. 243 East Water street, on Market Square, to

217 EAST WATER STREET,

between Mason and Wisconsin sts., nearly opposite the Furniture Warehouse of Noyes, Flertheim & Co., and six doors north of the Milwaukee Sentinel Office. We shall be most happy to see our friends and customers at our new place of business, where they will find a general assortment of everything in the line of

PRINTING, WRAPPING,

**Letter Cap and Note Papers;**

CARDS, CARD BOARDS, AND PLAYING CARDS;

PRINTING INKS, TWINE, &c.

☞ We are now paying an advanced price for clean Linen and Cotton Paper Rags.
nov27 NOONAN & McNAB.

**DIARIES FOR 1860.**

WE HAVE ON HAND FOUR DOZEN of different varieties of Diaries for 1860, which we will sell lower than first cost. Those not supplied would do well to call soon.
feb NOONAN & McNAB.

**SAVE YOUR SIGHT!**

**H. W. ANGER,**

PRACTICAL OPTICIAN,

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES TO the Public, that he has imported from RATHENOW, in GERMANY, and now offers for sale, a large assortment of

**PERSPECTIVE EYE GLASSES**

AND SPECTACLES

of the finest purified flint, which show the clearest and most correct copies. As these glasses permit every ray of light to pass completely through them they will not only enable persons using them to do the finest eye work without injury, but will preserve and even strengthen the sight, which very often, by other glasses is ruined.

Mr. ANGER'S SPECTACLES are celebrated for the superior and high optic nature of the glasses, as well as NEATNESS and ELEGANCE of finish, for which they received at the World's Fairs, both Paris and London, the first premium (Gold Medals), being the finest assortment in exhibition. Many years experience and a thorough knowledge of optics, enable me to select such glasses for those requiring the use of one, as will ensure entire satisfaction.

Glasses set to order.

Depot, the brick house on Division St., between Market and Main.

H. W. ANGER, the only Agent in the U. S. of the Rathenow Optische Industrie.
Milwaukee, March, 1860. mar19'60 d1m


## Groceries and Provisions.


**EXCELSIOR!**

CORNER OF

**Wisconsin & Milwaukee Streets,**

*UNDER THE BAPTIST CHURCH,*

**Nearly Opposite the Post-Office.**

CIRCULAR.

MILWAUKEE, March 10th, 1860.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST ARrived from New York, and opened the store above mentioned with a

**FRESH STOCK**

OF

**SUPERFINE GROCERIES!**

INCLUDING

Preserves, Jellies, Pie Fruits, Sauces, Pickles, &c.

Also, a good assortment of

**WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE.**

And trusts, by selling good articles at low prices, to secure a share of the public patronage. Please call and give me a trial.
mar19'60dmo SAMUEL F. KNIGHT.

**"The Old Corner Store Alive."**

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

**FAMILY GROCERS,**

**Corner of East Water and Mason Streets,**

HAVE THE LARGEST AND MOST complete assortment of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

**Can, Dried and Foreign Fruits,**

HAMBURGH CHEESE, and, in fact, all articles kept in a really first-class Family Grocery, and at prices and quality that can't be beat. We would enumerate, but prefer our friends to call and see for themselves. We are determined to sustain our reputation for attending to the wants of our customers with the same promptness and integrity that has characterized "THE OLD CORNER STORE" for the last ten years.
HUNN & CROSBY,
feb15'60d-tawly

**"HEIDSIECK & CO."**

**CHAMPAGNE.**

THIS CELEBRATED WINE, OF THE above well-known brand, is unsurpassed for its rich bouquet and general excellence.

The varieties of brands of champagnes tend greatly, no doubt, to confuse the purchaser; but lovers of good and genuine wines, will look for "Heidsieck & Co." on the label, as well as on the corks and capsules.

"Thos. Hine & Co" Brandy Vintage, 1842. Connoisseurs of fine brandies have pronounced this to be fully equal, if not superior to any imported into the United States during the last twenty years.

The above may be obtained of

J. W. LEDYARD,
Wholesale Dealer in Imported Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and Havana Cigars. mar29

**CHEESE**

EN

## Special Notices.

**Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge.**

Toll the bell for pretty Nell,
All the household's pride,
Her die . they say, of worms the prey,
Although with med'cine piled,
'Twas Jalap, Mercury, and gamboge,
That helped her too her doom:
But Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge
Saves thousands from the tomb.

Put up in bottles. Price 25¢ times. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and by druggists. mar7dlm

**IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.**

**DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS,**

Prepared by Cornelius L. Cheeseman, M.D.,
NEW YORK CITY.

THE COMBINATION OF INGREDIENTS in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruation—removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

**TO MARRIED LADIES,**

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are invaluable, as they will insure on the monthly period with regularity. Ladies who have been afraid to use other Pills may have the utmost confidence in Dr. Cheeseman's Pills doing all that they represent to do.

**NOTICE.**

There is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.

Warranted purely vegetable, and free from any injurious properties. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Prices $1. Sent by Mail on receipt of $1 to Dr. CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, Box 4331, Post Office, New York City.

Sold by one Druggist in every town in the United States. R. B. HUTCHINS,
General Agent for the United States,
No. 14 Broadway, New York,
to whom all Wholesale orders should be addressed.

☞ Sold in Milwaukee by Green & Button, and H. Bosworth & Son. mar23d&dawcow

**Dr. McClintock's Cold and Cough Mixture**

IS A COMBINATION OF NATURE'S specific antidotes to the irritation and disturbances of the breathing apparatus, which produce coughs, colds, hoarseness, and sore throat. It relieves in a very short time every vestige of inflammation from the lungs and throat, and renews the free respiration of perfect health.

Price 25 cts. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. mar7dlm

**PURIFY THE BLOOD.**

**Moffat's Life Pills!**

AND PHOENIX BITTERS.

**Free from all Mineral Poisons!!**

IN CASES OF SCROFULA, ULCERS, Scurvy, or Eruptions of the Skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often restoring in a few days, every vestige of these loathsome diseases by their purifying effects on the blood. Bilious Fevers, Intermittent Ague, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Piles, and in short, most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved. Prepared by

WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D.,
oct15d&dawly New York.

**MOTHERS! MOTHERS!**

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing inflamation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause.

If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Office No. 13 Cedar street, New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice. je15d&fdw&twly

**ERICSHA WATER CURE**

IS PERMANENTLY LOCATED IN ONE of the most healthy cities on Lake Michigan, between Milwaukee and Chicago, and has been thoroughly refitted and enlarged so as to accommodate a large number of patients. Experienced nurses are constantly employed to attend all patients at the Cure. Dr. Smeley is the attending physician, whose reputation is un-quaied in the entire west

☞ For particular and circular, address

K. PENNOYER, Proprietor, Or,
H. T. SMELEY, M. D.
apr18d&dawlyr.

**Dr. Jas. McClintock's Pectoral Syrup**

STANDING IN THE FIRST RANK OF the profession. Dr. McClintock has given his medicine to the world under the guaranty of its high reputation, as a means of certain, immediate, and permanent relief in diseases of the throat and lungs which have defied all other remedies.

Price 25 cts. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. mar7dlm

## Drugs and Medicines.

Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,

Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,

Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.

By H. BOSWORTH & SONS.
feb27 Wholesale Druggists, Milwaukee.

**JOHN RICE,**

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

**No. 83 East Water Street, Milwaukee.**

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM PITKIN & BROTHERS, of Louisville, a supply of sun-cured KIRSCHED, (Cherry) Hemp, Millets and Rape, put up in small packages, suitable for retailing. Also a full supply of

JAPONICA,
GUM CAMPHOR,
EPSOM SALTS,
GLAUBER SALT,
SULPHUR,
ALUM,
CREAM TARTAR,
BAKING SODA,
LICORICE,
BATH BRICK,
CASTOR OIL,
OLIVE OIL,
OPIUM,
QUININE,
MORPHINE,
ALCOHOL,
BURNING FLUID,
CAMPHENE,
TURPENTINE,
MACHINE OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
WHITE LEAD,
LINSEED OIL,

And a full assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Glass Ware, Spices, &c., &c. augs

**DRUGS AND MEDICINES.**

**HENRY FESS, JR.,**

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST,**

**196 East Water Street, Milwaukee.**

20 BARRELS WINTER BLEACHED Whale Oil, for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. 6 dozen received and for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., jan19 Wholesale Agent for Milwaukee.

REED'S BAKING POWDERS, FOR sale, by the gross or dozen, also, at retail. HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

CONCENTRATED LYE.—30 CASES RECEIVED, and for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., 196 East Water st.

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### THE TRUNDLE BED.

As I rumaged through the attic,
Listening to the falling rain,
As it pattered on the shingles
And against the window pane,—
Peeping over chests and boxes,
Which with dust were thickly spread,
Saw I in the farthest corner
What was once my trundle bed.

So I drew it from the recess
Where it had remained so long,
Hearing all the while the music
Of my mother's voice in song,
As she sung in sweetest accents
What I since have often read:
"Hush, my dear, lie still and slumber,
Holy angels guard thy bed."

As I listened, recollections
That I thought had been forgot,
Came with all the gush of memory,
Rushing, thronging to the spot;
And I wandered back to childhood,
To those merry artless years,
When I knelt beside my mother,
By the bed upon the floor.

Then it was with hands so gently
Placed upon my infant head,
That she taught my lips to utter
Carefully the words she said,
Never can they be forgotten,—
Deep are they in memory driven:
"Hallowed be thy name, O Father!
Father! who art in heaven."

This she taught me; then she told me
Of its import great and deep;
After which I learned to utter,
"Now I lay me down to sleep."
Then it was with hands uplifted
And in accents soft and mild,
That my mother asked "Our Father
O, do Thou bless my child!"

Years have passed, and that dear mother
Long has mouldy'd 'neath the sod,
And I trust her sainted spirit
Revels in the home of God.
But that scene at summer twilight,
Never has from memory fled,
And it comes to me in all its freshness
When I see my trundle bed.

*From the Dublin University Magazine.*

### LEGEND OF THE FATAL RING.

A GERMAN STORY.

[CONCLUDED.]

"Now, what do you say to this; for I can testify on oath all I have stated?"

"I can not but allow it is most strange," said I, "and had you not assured me you had examined every part of your room so carefully, I should have had some doubts."

"As I stated," replied Auerbach, "deception on this point was impossible. I was as wide awake as you are now. And, besides, the fatal ring; what else could that mean?" And he relapsed into a state of abstraction.

"Well," said I, more with the idea of rousing him, than for any real obstacle it presented to my mind; "the ring is the stumbling-block to me. If the appearance was not a deception, it must have been a spirit; but I cannot understand a spirit having anything to do with the fading things of this world. It leaves all that behind."

He interrupted me:

"If you first deny the existence of spirits; then your must define the exact way they ought to appear; such inconsistency! But perhaps you will not be so skeptical if I show you the ring. I have never worn it since that fatal night, now years gone by; but something urges me to look at it to-night.—Who knows but it may be a warning that I am soon to join my spirit-bride?"

Saying this, he took from his breast a curious looking box, and handed it to me to open.

I can hardly describe the sensation with which I raised the lid, and took out a very old fashioned ring, with strange characters engraved on it; and, true enough, the heraldic bearings of the Count Albrecht Von Silberstein's family. I felt a nervous, creeping sensation; the perspiration hung in drops on my forehead. As to Auerbach he seemed ready to fall.

Just then I heard a footstep; trembling, I let the ring fall on the floor, and ran to assist Auerbach, who had fainted, crying out: "I come—I come."

Immediately I heard a voice, exclaiming: "Where in the world are you? What is the matter?"

To my infinite relief, I recognized Ferdinand's voice, and calling him to my aid, we got poor Auerbach to bed, where, after administering some remedies, we succeeded in restoring consciousness.

When I related to Ferdinand what had passed, he started convulsively.

"I have been," he broke forth, "kept at court all day, on account of that identical Black Chamber."

I urged him to relate *his* story, and he began:

"You both know Fritag," said he. "Count Von Silberstein lately invited him to a large ball at the castle of Silberstein. The night proved a tempestuous one; thunder and lightning, and torrents of rain; so they pressed Fritag to remain. He said he would willingly, save that he had an appointment early the next morning in town. The Count said that he also had an early engagement, and that they could go together. Under these circumstances, Fritag was very glad to remain beneath so good a shelter. The next morning, it seems, the jager knocked at his door to tell him the Count was waiting; but receiving no answer, concluded he had left the Castle. So the Count departed without him. When the party assembled at breakfast, one of the domestics announced to the Countess that Herr Fritag had not gone with the Count. She immediately sent to let him know they were waiting breakfast. After a delay of a couple of hours, they broke open the door, when they found poor Fritag insensible, lying across the bed. They thought at first he was dead; but perceiving he still breathed, they used remedies, and he soon showed signs of returning consciousness.—They then entreated him to say what had happened, when he stated that the night before he noticed the gloomy appearance of the room to his attendant, who said it had hardly been used since the late Countess' death. It was the room that she and the Count had occupied; and since her demise it had the reputation of being haunted.

"Fritag was not afraid of spirits, and settled himself for the night without any apprehension. He had been in bed about a couple of hours, when he was awakened by noise proceeding from the further extremity of the room; he sat up, and was terrified by seeing a tall female, clad in white, with glaring eyes and bright golden hair hanging ever her shoulders. Stalking up to the bed, she silently beckoned to him, and he mechanically rose and followed her through a long narrow passage, when she turned aside into a room, quite brightened by the moonlight streaming through the window, but so covered with dust that it seemed as if no mortal had been in it for years. She raised the lid of a chest, and with a wild scream held towards him the skeleton of a child. At this moment he described all changing and becoming black as pitch! The next thing he was conscious of was the buzz of voices round his bed.

"All the listeners to this mysterious story were struck with amazement. The old housekeeper said the room was frequented by a spirit, and so said all the credulous.—The skeptical portions of the household tried to persuade Fritag that he must have had a bad dream.

"The Countess, a woman of strong mind, insisted on sending for a magistrate, and having a thorough inspection of the room. Accordingly, a carriage was despatched for that functionary without delay. It was some time before he arrived, as the distance from the castle to his residence is about ten miles. The Countess resolved not to leave the room for one moment till he came.

"Herr Saltag was only too glad to undertake the commission of investigation. He had often pressed the Count to allow him to inspect the apartment, and so put a stop to the reports circulated about its being 'haunted;' but somehow the Count always contrived to put it off. His absence now prevented any further obstacle, and without delay Herr Saltag, accompanied by the Countess and Fritag, searched every part of the room, but without any result. It was all in vain that they shifted the bed, took down the curtains, changed the position of the furniture—there was no trace. Fritag showed the exact place of the spirit's entrance and exit. The wall was next sounded—it was solid masonry. There was not a panel that could slide up our down. The Countess declared there was no passage communicating that room with any other in the tower. Still Fritag persisted in his story; and the magistrate said he would not leave the place till he accounted satisfactorily for it.

"Accordingly he ordered a ladder and mounting it, passed his hand carefully over the wall, if by chance he might discover a hidden spring. After about an hour spent in this way, he suddenly exclaimed, 'I have it, I have it!' and by pressing hard with his finger, he moved a heavy door sliding into the wall, so as not to be perceptible on the outside. This led to a flight of steps also made in the wall; then another spring-door opened in a set of rooms in the tower that belonged to a superannuated nurse of the family who lived in these apartments. The room into which Fritag had been led the night before was at the left of this narrow passage, before coming to the steps. Into this the magistrate went. It was as Fritag described it, covered thick with dust; but they perceived the trace of a naked foot.—following this foot-print they came to the window-sill, but no chest was visible. After examining all around, the Countess suggested that the window-sill itself might be raised; but there neither seemed hinge or lock.—However the planks were lifted, and awful to relate, the skeleton was found there.

"Herr Saltag would not allow the Countess to proceed any further; and giving the body of the child to one of his attendants, he proceeded with Fritag. They descended the steps, and going to the door which was easily opened, there they saw the identical white figure crouched in a corner, her beautiful golden hair hanging dishevelled over her; and the witch-like nurse, with her arm raised about to strike her wretched victim. Fritag caught the woman's arm before it fell, when, to his utter consternation, he beheld in the ghastly mildness, the Count's first wife!!!"

This fearful tragedy is soon elucidated.

Count Von Silberstein and his wife, a beautiful, but portionless girl, whom he had married, were traveling abroad, when they met with Mademoiselle Clara Dugue, the daughter and only child of a wealthy merchant.

The Countess was near her confinement, and the Count saw, if he could only get her out of the way, he might easily obtain the hand and fortune of Mademoiselle Clara.—The fiendish thought no sooner presented itself to his mind than he hastened to put it into execution. He traveled back in disguise to his Castle of Silberstein, near Blenheim, carrying his wife with him; but causing it to be reported in Rome, that they had gone to Milan. Shortly after the birth of his child, he himself strangled the new born babe in the mother's presence; the sight of the murdered infant deprived the poor Countess of reason. He then placed her under the care of the old hag with whom she was found, thinking, perhaps, she was as safe there as if in her grave, and by this means tried to quiet his conscience by not having deprived her of life. The only being to whom he confided his secret was his sister, but she was in no way partaker of the deed, not having heard of it till after his second marriage. The weight of this dreadful secret broke her heart.

Count Von Silberstein hastened back after this foul deed to Rome, and there caused it to be circulated that his wife and child were dead. A few months after he sought from Monsieur Dugue the hand of his fair daughter; the ambitious old merchant was dazzled by a glittering coronet, and forced his reluctant child to marry the Count. The poor maniac had always occupied "the Black Chamber." The first night I was introduced her as making her appearance there, her nurse had gone to a feast in the lower stories, and thinking she had left her charge asleep, ventured down the private passage I have described, the existence of which was only known to herself. The wretched creature missing her guardian, and seeing the door open, hastened down the steps; pushing the other door back, she instantly recognized her own; and thinking she saw her husband in bed, and in the frenzy of the moment, put the fated ring on his finger, and then returned, before she was detected, into her own apartment. The next time she was not so fortunate. The second visit was when her nurse was engaged in a similar manner as before, and she gave, as she thought, to her husband his murdered child. It was just then the woman discovered her, and bore her away.

My poor friend Auerbach's health improved only for a short time; the solution of the mystery came too late. The shock his constitution had received from that strange visitant, and the indissoluble contact by which he had supposed himself to be bound to a supernatural being, were too much for his strength, which gradually gave way, and in less than a year he died.

## Business Cards.

### ATTORNEYS.

**CARLOS GLIDDEN.**

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office in Van Dyke's building, corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, third floor. jan18d&dly

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PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHER, OVER 125 Marine Bank, 216 East Water Street, Milwaukee, is prepared to execute all orders in his line, such as Maps, Plans, Diagrams, Drafts, views of Buildings, Show Cards, &c., &c. Particular attention paid to getting up Rail Road Maps, Bond &c. my13y3d&dly

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jy23d&eodly

**ELECTION NOTICE.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT an Election will be held in the several Wards in the City of Milwaukee, on Tuesday, the 3d day of April next, and that Polls will be opened at the following places, to-wit:

First Ward—At the House of Francis Casper, on Market street.
Second Ward—At the House of Louis Auer, on Fourth street.
Third Ward—At the Louisiana House, on Main street.
Fourth Ward—At the House of Engine Co. No. 5, on Second street.
Fifth Ward—At the Niagara House.
Sixth Ward—At the House of P. Alepetre, corner of Third and Sherman streets.
Seventh Ward—At the House of Schieser Hart, on Cook street.
Ninth Ward—At the House of Mr. Baker, on Twelfth street, between Galena and Walnut streets.

For the election of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, Hon. E. V. Whiton, whose term of office would have expired on the 31st day of December, A. D. 1861.

For the election of a Judge of the Municipal Court for the present term, which will expire in six years from the first Tuesday of April A. D. 1860.

Also for the election of the Clerk of the Municipal Court for the present term which will expire in three years from the first Tuesday in April, A. D. 1866.

For the election of the following City Officers, viz:

Mayor, Comptroller, City Treasurer and City Attorney.

Also the following Ward Officers, viz:

IN THE FIRST WARD.

One Alderman, who shall hold his office for one year.
One Councilman, who shall hold his office for two years.
One Justice of the Peace.
One Assessor, one Constable and one Railroad Commissioner.

IN THE SECOND WARD.

One Alderman, who shall hold his office for one year.
One Councilman, who shall hold his office for two years.
One Justice of the Peace.
One Assessor, one Constable and one Railroad Commissioner.

IN THE THIRD WARD.

One Alderman, who shall hold his office for one year.
One Councilman, who shall hold his office for two years.
One Justice of the Peace
One Assessor, one Constable and one Railroad Commissioner.

IN THE FOURTH WARD.

One Alderman, who shall hold his office for one year.
One Councilman, who shall hold his office for two years.
One Justice of the Peace.
One Assessor, one Constable and one Railroad Commissioner.

IN THE FIFTH WARD.

One Alderman, who shall hold his office for one year.
One Councilman, who shall hold his office for two years.
One Justice of the Peace.
One Assessor, one Constable and one Railroad Commissioner.

IN THE SIXTH WARD.

One Alderman, who shall hold his office for one year.
One Councilman, who shall hold his office for two years.
One Justice of the Peace.
One Assessor, one Constable and one Railroad Commissioner.

IN THE SEVENTH WARD.

One Alderman, who shall hold his office for one year.
One Councilman, who shall hold his office for two years.
One Justice of the Peace.
One Assessor, one Constable and one Railroad Commissioner.

IN THE EIGHTH WARD.

One Alderman, who shall hold his office for one year.
One Councilman, who shall hold his office for two years.
One Assessor, one Constable and one Railroad Commissioner.

IN THE NINTH WARD.

One Alderman, who shall hold his office for one year.
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| J. C. JOHNSTON, | JOHN H. ROBERTS, |
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| J. H. KNEELAND, | JAMES WELL, |
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The above named very reliable Companies have been long and favorably known in this city, their losses (if any) promptly paid, (every large), have been met promptly and liberally; they are represented by prudent and experienced men, and are in every way entitled to public confidence.

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**BY STATE AUTHORITY.**

*Insurance Against Loss and Damage by Fire.*

**Germania Fire Insurance Co.,**

**NEW YORK CITY.**

CASH CAPITAL,

# TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

**Arrival of the Steamer Bavaria.**

NEW YORK, April 1.

The steamer Bavaria arrived this noon from Southampton, 18th, with London papers of that day.

ROME, 16th.—This morning a great manifestation in favor of the Pope had taken place at the Vatican.

PARIS, Saturday.—The Patrie publishes a letter from Turin, stating that the question of the annexation of Savoy to France had been definitely settled.

The Emperor had received a deputation from Savoy.

Ambassadors of the Western Powers had given advice to the King.

A Turin letter of the 13th says the Sardinian Parliament will not meet till April 12.

The annexation of Central Italy to Piedmont is accepted everywhere with great enthusiasm.

The Paris correspondent of the Times says that Prince Carignan will be Gov.-General of Tuscany unless the imp-rial idea of a separate State be carried out.

There is great wrath here against the Pope. I am told his holiness issued another circular, still stranger than the encyclical on the Romagna affair. The remark is said to have been made in a very high quarter, that the Pope would, from the manner in which he is going, soon make the famous pamphlet "The Pope et La Congress," a truth. This means that of all his State, only Rome would be left to the Pope.

Letters from Rome say that agitation is so great that it is doubtful whether the French army will be able to restrain it much longer.

**California Pony Express.**

ST LOUIS, March 31.

We learn from Mr. Stebbins, the Superintendent of the lines West of this city, that they commenced receiving despatches for the California Pony Express, to-day. They will be numbered and will be forwarded from the first station in Carson Valley in the same order as received here. Parties wishing their despatches to take precedence, must, therefore, send them in early. The lines will receive despatches up to five o'clock P. M. of Tuesday next. Triplicates will be sent and every precaution will be taken to prevent their destruction by water and wear and tear. The tariff from St. Louis to any point in California, including express charges and all other charges will be five dollars and thirty cents for the first ten words, and ten cents for every additional word, and if messages fail to go through ahead of any other route, the money will be refunded.—The rates from New York and other Atlantic cities are $6 90 or ten words and 20 cents for every additional word subject to the same conditions.

**Washington Matters.**

WASHINGTON, April 2—3 P. M.

The Herald's correspondence says that the President was served with all the testimony taken before the Covode Investigating Committee, having personal reference to himself before he prepared his protesting message to the House.

The Harper's Ferry Committee decided at their meeting Saturday, not to subpœna Gov. Wise, he having placed in their possession all the facts connected with that affair. The committee has not decided what action they will take towards John Brown Jr., who refuses to obey their summons.

**Traffic on the Great Western Railway.**

HAMILTON, C. W., April 2—3 P. M.

The traffic on the Great Western Railway is rapidly increasing. The returns for the last fortnight show an increase of nearly $12,000 over the corresponding period of last year.

**Kerosene Oil Works Burned.**

HAMILTON, C. W., April 2.—8 P. M.

Williams' Kerosene Oil Works were destroyed by fire Saturday night, together with 7,000 gallons of oil.

# LATEST NEWS!

## BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

**Later from California.**

MAILOY'S STATION, April 2.—9 P.M.

The overland mail with San Francisco dates to the 11th ult., arrived at this station about 2 o'clock last night.

There is not much news by this mail.

During five days of last week the San Francisco branch mint coined $595,000 in double eagles.

Thirty tons of Washoe silver ore from the Esmeralda mines have been smelted at the chemical laboratory of Joseph Moshimer & Co., San Francisco, yielding an average of over three thousand dollars per ton, or about one hundred thousand dollars in all. The company received a little rising four hundred dollars per ton for extracting the silver.

Mr. Moshamers is making preparations to establish a large smelting laboratory at Carson Valley.

The bill authorizing Bucker County to subscribe $200,000 towards extending the Sacramento Valley Railroad to Oroville, has become a law.

At last accounts there was considerable activity in organizing companies at the Napa quick silver mines, and the work of opening them had commenced in six different places, creating a considerable demand for labor.

The last Yreka Union says the quartz in Jackson County, Oregon, continues yielding immense profits. From the accounts given, they excel anything yet known in California. A responsible merchant of San Francisco has paid a visit to the mines, and on returning he called at the Bulletin Office and exhibited specimens of quartz taken from the first mine, seven feet below the surface. The gold in these specimens is evenly distributed through the rock, as if it had been broken and rounded into small pebbles and stirred in while the mass was hot. The owners of this mine claim that the quartz taken from it is worth $20,000 per ton.

They have already taken $200,000 worth out, and can see as much more of equal richness in the small opening made in the ledge. Valuable quartz discoveries are also reported at Yreka, a lead having been opened in the mountain, at the head of Miner street, from which $2,500 was taken the first day after its discovery.

SAN FRANCISCO, 13th.—A telegraph despatch from Yreka, says: George Ish and three others concerned in Ish Claim, Jacksonville, Oregon, have arrived there en route for the Atlantic States. A ledge of almost solid gold has been found on their claim, twenty feet below the surface. Thomas Carcanagh was offered $80,000 for his fifth interest, but refused, saying the wealth of the Rothschilds would not tempt him to sell.

**Congressional Proceedings.**

WASHINGTON, April 2—9 P. M.

HOUSE—Mr. Hickman, from the committee on Judiciary, reported a bill to extend the right to appeal from the decisions of the Circuit Court to the Supreme Court of the U. States.

Mr. Elliot introduced a bill for the removal of the obstructions at Hurlgate, and a bill for the improvement of Harlem river, which were referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Morse ineffectually endeavored to introduce a bill prohibiting the Chinese Coolie trade in American vessels.

Mr. Butler objected.

The bill for the suppression of polygamy in Utah was considered.

The debate was lengthy. Wilson, Pryor, Etheridge and others spoke in favor of the bill.

Adjourned.

SENATE.—Mr. Hunter, from the Finance Committee, reported back the Indian Appropriation bill, with amendments.

The bill for the final adjustment of private land claims in Florida, Louisiana, Arkansas and Missouri, was passed.

The bill to authorize the location of certain warrants for bounty lands, was passed.

Mr. Davis' territorial resolutions were called up, when Mr. Saulsbury made a speech in opposition to the Republican party, and its prospective nominee for the Presidency, Wm. H. Seward.

Mr. Ten Eyck argued against the extension of slavery into the territories, contending that no one had a right to interfere with it in the States, and saying it would have been abolished in many places had it not been for unwarrantable influence with it.—He regarded the fugitive slave law as constitutional.

Brown defended himself from the charges of departing from party usage, and interpolating new rules.

Wigfall held that the people of a territory could not admit or reject slavery. He was opposed to starting new questions at this time and would therefore vote for Davis' and instead of Brown's, although he regretted that any had been introduced.

Adjourned.

**The Recent Mysterious Murder in N. Y. Bay.**

NEW YORK, April 2—9 P. M.

Isaac Townsend, a retired merchant, and son of the Governor's of the Alms House, died yesterday.

Evidence has been produced in the mysterious case of the sloop Spray, that the cry of murder was heard on a vessel off Norwalk Island, in the Sound, and subsequently the report of a pistol was heard. This corresponds with the statement that the Spray was at anchor in that vicinity. The Sound in that neighborhood is to be dragged for the murdered man.

## Great Republican Triumph in Connecticut ! !

### A Republican Governor and Legislature Elected by Increased Majorities!

MIDDLETOWN, Ct., April 2—8 P.M.

Election is over here, and the vote polled is the largest ever known. Middleton sends two Democratic representatives to the Legislature, and Gov. Seymour, Dem., for Governor, has 200 maj.

Durham gives 19 majority for Buckingham, Rep., for Governor.

Cromwell gives 69 maj. for Seymour.

Portland gives 379 maj. for Seymour.

Chatham—Seymour's majority is 9, and two Democratic representatives are elected.

HARTFORD, April 2—9 P. M.

A few towns and cities are heard from.—The Democratic gain thus far is 1,300 on Governor.

HARTFORD, April 2.—10 P. M.

Seymour in this city has 349 maj.

Hartford Co., with four towns to hear from, gives Buckingham 7,956, Seymour 8,208, making a Republican loss of 161 in the county, if the four towns to hear from vote as they did last year. Two Democratic senators and one Republican are elected, the same as last year. The Republicans gain 2 representatives in the county. It is impossible at the present time to give any correct opinion as to the result on Governor; it is however, thought that Buckingham is elected. Our returns show net gain for Seymour of 161 in 37 towns and cities.

NEW HAVES, April 2—9 P. M.

Eighty-five towns, or more than half the State, heard from, and Buckingham, Rep., leads over 1000. This includes heavy majorities in Middleton, Whitesboro, and most of the Democratic Districts. The House is Republican by an increased majority. The Senate probably the same. The majority for Seymour in this city is 695.

BRIDGEPORT, April 2—9 P. M.

The vote in this town to-day is the largest ever polled here. For Governor the vote stands as follows: Seymour, 1200, Buckingham 1163; Seymour's maj. 37. Q. H. Winslow, Democratic Senator from the 10th district has 83 maj. Two Republican Representatives are elected in Fairfield. There is a tie in Stratford; one Democrat is elected in Bridgeport, one in Westport, one in Weston, one in Huntington and one in Trumbull.

The Democrats are now marching in procession and cheering loudly; bonfires are burning in the streets, and the greatest enthusiasm prevails. The election passed off quietly.

WATERBURY, April 2—9 P. M.

Election in this town has resulted in the triumph of the Democrats. The total vote polled is 1690, of which Seymour has 837; Buckingham 732; Seymour's majority 135. The Democrats carry the entire State ticket by large majorities. For representative, Brown, Dem., leads Filten, Rep., 72. Cos, Dem., leads Chase, Rep., 134. Of the adjoining towns as far as heard from, five towns give a Republican majority, and nine a Democratic majority. Of these 16 towns, the majority for Buckingham is 53.

STANFORD, Ct., April 2—9 P. M.

Buckingham, 581; Seymour, 567. Darcen—Buckingham, 161; Seymour, 147.—Greenock—Buckingham, 453; Seymour, 538. Norwalk gives 16 majority for Buckingham. Elected two Republican Representatives.—The election passed off very quietly. Wilton gives Buckingham 57 majority. New Canaan gives Buckingham 21 majority. Redgfield, 87 majority for Buckingham. All the Republican Representatives were elected here.

NEW YORK, April 3.—2 A. M.

From returns received up to this hour, 2 A. M., from Connecticut, the indications are that Buckingham, Republican, is elected Governor by about 1,000 majority.

**Washington Matters.**

WASHINGTON, April 3—9 P. M.

The case of the U. S. against Bolton on an appeal from the Northern District Court of California, involving the title to three square leagues of San Francisco lands was taken up in the Supreme Court to-day, Wm. B. Reed making the opening argument for the U. S. The Court, in view of the magnitude of the case, granted the request of Bolton's counsel that three hours be allowed each for argument.

Col. Brown writes to the War Department, from Brownsville, that reports the most false and exaggerated are put in circulation by persons interested in fomenting trouble on the Rio Grande border, immediately before the leaving of the New Orleans steamer, for the evident purpose of exercising an influence on the public opinion in the State, hence such reports should be received with great caution. He adds that the Cortinas movement was a mere raid and the accounts largely magnified.

The State Department has written a letter to our Consul at Havana, Mr. Hilo, commendatory of his partial success in behalf of Leon, a native Spaniard, but a naturalized citizen of the United States, who was summoned to military duty, in addition to other friendly offices.

The Captain General will submit the question to his Government, with a recommendation that Leon be exempted from military duty.

Secretary Cass has sent to Mr. Hilo, for the information of the Capt. General, a copy of the instructions to our minister at Berlin on the subject of interference with the rights of American naturalized citizens.

The majority of the House Committee on P. O. are in favor of the Senate bill for a telegraph to the Pacific, but with amendments reducing the price of messages 25 per cent.—The Committee are divided on the amount of subsidy the Government should pay. Mr. Burek appointed a member of that Committee, in the place of Mr. English, excused from service. This supplies a representative from the Pacific, who has long been desired.

It appears from the New Orleans Picayune's Vera Cruz correspondence of March 21st, that Capt. Oldham wrote to Miramon protesting very strongly against the wanton and inhuman destruction of English property and innocent life.

The Constitutional Union Committee to-night decided that the chairman should convene the entire National committee of 300 simultaneously with the convention to be held at Baltimore, May 9th, to ratify the nominations and take steps to further the organization for prosecuting the canvass.

**Michigan Carrier Elections.**

DETROIT, April 2—9 P. M.

At the municipal election in Ann Arbor to-day, the Republicans elected Mayor and most of the city officers by increased majorities.

Adrian—The Republicans have elected Mayor by 90 majority.

Grand Rapids—M. L. Sweet (Republican) is elected Mayor by 15 majority.

Jackson—The Republican Mayor is elected by about 30 majority.

Owasso—Amos Gould, the Democratic candidate for Mayor is elected by 200 majority.

Ypsilanti—Follett, Democratic candidate for Mayor, elected by 100 majority.

At Niles the Democrats elect the entire ticket by 50 majority.

Pontiac—Entire Democratic ticket elected by 10 to 50 majority.

In Flint, Coldwater and Hillsdale the Republicans elect the entire ticket by about the usual majorities.

**The California Pony Express.**

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., April 2—9 P. M.

The arrangements are all completed, whereby the first Pony of the California Express will leave here to-morrow at 5 o'clock P. M., in order to avoid the delay of letters from New York and other Eastern cities one day, viz, over Sabbath. The day and hour of starting from here will be changed to Friday of each week, at 9 A. M. The next express will not leave until Friday, April 13, after which it will start regularly every week.

**Republican Triumph in St. Louis.**

ST. LOUIS, April 2—9 P. M.

Incomplete returns of the election to-day for one Councilman from each ward indicate that the Republicans have carried five wards, the Democrats three; no party nominations made in two wards, from which Independents were elected.

**Fire in Jacksonport, Arkansas.**

MEMPHIS, April 2—9 P. M.

Almost the entire business portion of Jacksonport, Ark., was burned on Wednesday last. Loss $150,000; insured for $6,000.

HORRIBLE DEATH FROM SNUFF-DIPPING.—Miss Tennesee Gibson died last week, in Arkansas, from the effects of snuff dipping. She fell asleep with the "snoff" in her mouth, and was found a corpse some hours after. A post-mortem revealed the fact that she had swallowed the juice, which was converted into nicotine, a deadly poison; her lips, cheek, and breast were smeared with the foul stuff in her dying struggles, alone in her room. Before she retired she felt a deadly sickness, having swallowed some of the juice, but had used it so long, nothing was thought of her complaint until it was too late.

BABY FOUND DEAD.—The dead body of an infant was washed ashore on the bank of the Third Lake, east of the Lake House, yesterday. It was apparently about a week old at the time of its death, and it has been some time in the water. It was neatly dressed, the clothing being trimmed with lace, and showing other marks of neatness and care. The supposition is that it was chucked through the ice before it broke up, and the high winds of a day or two past had brought it to light.—*Madison Argus and Democrat.*

# COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY P. M., April 2, 1860.

Receipts by Railroad for the 24 hours ending noon to-day include:

| | |
|---|---|
| Flour, bbls | 854 |
| Wheat, bus | 8,020 |
| Barley, bus | 795 |
| Oats, bus | 552 |
| Corn, bus | 213 |

There were sales to-day of some 500 bbls country extra at $4,40@5,00 for fair to choice brands, and 400 of a brand that ranks with our best city flour at $5,12½ free on board. The former embraces some qualities that sold 10@25c better than those figures last week.

The tendency in wheat was also downward, No. 1 selling in store at 99c for new receipts, which, as we explained some days ago, is only equal to 95c for old receipts, indicating a decline of 1c in this grade since Saturday. We will add for the information of such as may have overlooked our previous remarks, that all wheat in store received previous to the 1st of April, is subject to 3c storage, and after that date 2c storage. Extra held its own; the supply for milling being light, and sold at $1,04@1,06 delivered.

Oats firm, with some sales at 32c delivered. Corn lower, offering at 48c without buyers.

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.—The statement of the New York Banks for the week ending to-day, as reported by telegraph, shows the following changes:

| | |
|---|---|
| Increase in loans | $774,776 |
| Increase in specie | 134,555 |
| Increase in circulation | 109,060 |
| Increase in deposits | 191,462 |

CHICAGO MARKET, MARCH 31ST.—Receipts of the articles named, at Chicago, Saturday, were as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Flour, bbls | 600 |
| Wheat, bus | 3,781 |
| Corn, bus | 32,940 |
| Oats, bus | 5,261 |
| Barley, bus | 1,565 |
| Rye, bus | 61 |

The *Press & Tribune* says.

The forthcoming election of the Board of Trade was freely discussed on 'Change to-day, and but little attention was paid to business in consequence.

There was a better demand for flour, and the market was more active, but at previous prices, good to choice spring extras ranging from $4,85@4,95, and fair at $4,75. Wheat was scarcely so firm, but the market was quiet and transactions limited, with sales at 98½c for fresh receipts No. 2 spring. Corn was in better supply and the feeling easier, sales being made at 48@48½c for No. 1, and 40½c for No. 2. There was a good shipping inquiry for lots on track, and about 3,000 bushels were sold on p. t. Oats were dull and 2c lower, sales being made at 31@31½c on track. Rye quiet, with limited sales at 82c. Barley quiet. Highwines dull. Nothing doing in Provisions. Seeds quiet.

ST. LOUIS MARKET, MARCH 30TH.—Receipts at St. Louis on Friday included: 2,685 bbls flour, 5,000 sacks wheat, 9,922 sacks corn—or, about 14,500 bushels of wheat, and 24,000 bushels corn. Of the market the *Democrat* says:

FLOUR—Market decidedly flat and holders not generally offering. Sales 1,000 bbls city superfine, future delivery, private, and 200 bbls country low grade at $5,10.

WHEAT—Market firm for all qualities. Sales of 250 bush prime fall at $1,10@1,12½; 415 bags good spring $1,10@1,12; 350 bags prime do at $1,13; 655 bags choice $1,12½@1,12½; 200 do at $1,03; 1,925 do choice club at $1,15@1,16; 350 bags common to good fall at $1,02@1,09; 125 bags prime red at $1,10; 57 bags choice extra at $1,15@1,16, without bags.

CORN—Restrictions in shipping cause a dull and slow market, but holders do not accept lower prices to buyers offers to any extent. Sales 250 bags common mixed 44c; 1,000 bags good mixed 46c; 700 bags yellow and mixed white 50@55c; and 2,200 mixed last evening at 50c; 1,200 bags prime and choice white at 54@55c; part delivered new parties included.

OATS—The market continues to droop. Sales of 200 bags I fall at 35c; 1,600 bags good at 48@49c; 1,000 do prime at 50@52c and 90 bags choice at 53c, bags included.

BARLEY—Market heavy, but holders firm. Sale of 201 bags prime fall at $1, bags returned.

RYE—No change and limited inquiry. Sales of 105 bags at 82c, bags included, and 204 do private.

PORK—Inactive. Sale of 300 bbls mess at $17.

BACON—Dull and prices unchanged. Sale of 15 casks country clear sides at 11¾c. Nothing reported in other descriptions.

LIVE STOCK—Nothing reported in bulk lots. Sales of 100 hf bbls pickled shoulders at 6c.

LARD—Choice held at 10¾c, without sales; 100 tcs and 62 bbls prime 10c.

WHISKY—The price settled to 18½c, steady, with sales of 668 bbls in lots as that figure, and 40 do at the market.

HIDES—Flint are firm at 18c; green salted 7c.

GRASS SEED—Timothy $2,80@2,75 for ordinary to good.

HOPS—Green 6½@7c; green salted 7@7½c; dry salted 12@13c; dry fine 14c.

SPIRITS—Highwines 20c; whiskey 17@18c.

BUTTER—Sales 1,000 lbs common roll and firkin at 8@9c. Choice roll butter is scarce and will readily bring 12@14c for home use.

EGGS—Selling at 9c by the barrel.

MAPLE SUGAR—8@9c, according to quantity.

**NEW YORK MARKET.**

*[By Telegraph.]*

NEW YORK, April 2—1 P. M.

FLOUR—Dull and heavy, selling to the trade at previous prices, but large lots could not be realized upon but at a decline. Sales 8,400 bbls at 5,10@5,20 for superfine state; 5,25@5,35 for extra state; 5,10@5,20 for super western; 5,25@5,50 for common to medium extra western; 5,50@5,90 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio. Canadian flour dull and unchanged; sales 650 bbls at 5,05@5,40 for common to choice extra. Rye flour steady; sales 150 bbls at 3,70@4,40 common to choice superfine. Corn meal steady; sales 100 bbls Brandywine at 3,20.

WHEAT—Buckwheat flour plenty and dull at 1,62½@1,75 per cwt.

WHEAT—Steady; moderate milling demand; sales 5,000 bush Mil. club at 1,22; 1,150 winter red Illinois, Mich. and Ind. at 1,45, delivered; choice white at 1,60@1,65.

RYE—In fair supply and dull at 86@87c.

BARLEY—Dull at 70@75c.

CORN—Demand limited and market heavy; sales 1,500 bush at 70@71 for mixed western, delivered; 72@73 for yellow Jersey and Southern; 76@80c for white Southern.

OATS—43@44c Canadian and State.

PORK—Quiet and prices without material change—Sales 950 bbls at 15,75@17,40 for old mess; 16,12½@17,50 for new do; 12,25 for old prime; 14,25 for new do.

BEEF—A little more doing at unchanged prices; sales 500 bbls at 5,50@6,50 for country mess; 11@12 for extra mess; prime mess beef quiet at 12½@13. Beef hams in limited request; sales 125 bbls at 17½@18 for State; 14@15,75 for western Cut meats heavy; sales 100 pkgs at 7@7¾c for shoulders, 9@9¾c for hams. Bacon quiet and unchanged.

LARD—Dull and declining; sales 300 bbls at 9¾@11c.

BUTTER—Little doing 12@14 Ohio; 14@20 State.

CHEESE—Active and firm at 10¾@12.

MOLASSES—Steady; sales 50 hhds state at 34; 40 hhds Muscovado at 30.

SUGAR—Sales of Porto Rico at 6¾; 200 hhds Cuba at 6¾@7¼.

STOCKS—Less active; G & C 61¾; C & T 98½; Pan 154; M C 44; Harlem 46; Erie 15; N Y Cent 92; D & H 97; Pac Mail 104½; M S 2d bonds 45; M C 3s 92¾; Erie 2d bonds 75½; N Y C 6s 105; Mo 6s 84½; Va 6s 99¾; Ind 5s 93.

# MARINE.

**Port of Milwaukee, April 1 & 2, 1860**

ARRIVED.

Steamship Detroit, McBride, Grand Haven, 10 pass, 8 horses, 1 wagon

Steamship Milwaukee, Richards, Grand Haven, 10 pass, 14 tons general cargo

Propeller Lady Elgin, Jones, with new propeller and 200 chests and 22 hf-chests tea, 50 sacks coffee, 65 bbls tobacco, 1 case cigars

Steamer Gazelle, Bullin, Chicago, 15 pass, 15 bbs wheat

Schooner James Christie, Joyce, Grand Haven, 188 m staves

Schooner J. & A. Stronach, Otto, Manistee, 70,000 feet lumber

Schooner Wayne, Hansen, Manistee, 40,000 ft lumber, 50,000 laths

Schooner Traveler, Campbell Manitowoc, 2,000 cedar posts

Schooner Sacramento, Lambert, Manistee, 62,000 feet lumber

Schooner Rose Dousman, Richardson, St. Joseph, 85,000 ft lumber, 30,000 ft black walnut

CLEARED.

Steamship Milwaukee, Richards, Grand Haven, 14 pass, 593 bbls flour, 300 bbls pork, 17 bbls eggs, 17 cks ashes, 24 bus grass seed, 4 tons sundries

Brig Minnesota, Reno, Green Bay

Schooner Milwaukee Belle, Davis, Chicago, 15,000 bus wheat, (for St. Louis)

Schooner Indiana Patton, Spinks, Ogonto, 5 bus potatoes, 2 bbls pork

Schooner Sacramento, Lambert, Manistee,

Schooner Rose Dousman, Richardson, White Lake.

MARINE ITEMS.

MONDAY, P. M.

THE STEAMSHIP MILWAUKEE commenced her regular daily trips to-day, leaving here at 9 o'clock this morning for Grand Haven, with a large load of freight and passengers. The *Milwaukee* looks as trim as when she first came from the hands of the shipwright, and is in much better condition for business, every little defect in the machinery, steering apparatus, or anywhere else, that last fall's experience brought to light having been remedied.

THERE was a stormy wind all day to-day, from the North-West. Some small lumber vessels going out light were tossed and rolled about the Bay like feathers.

THE ICE AT BUFFALO.—The Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser* of Friday evening, says:

The warm weather of the past two days has served to loosen the ice around the mouth of the harbor at this place to some extent, and considerable quantities are again beginning to move off down the river. A strong easterly wind of three to four days duration would no doubt drive it so far up the lake that it would never return again, and this is about the only thing likely to accomplish this devoutly to be wished for result. At present the ice extends in detached masses as far up the lake as the most accurate vision can reach.

The same paper publishes the following despatch:

ERIE, March 30, 1860.

*To the Editors of the Commercial Advertiser:*

Gentlemen—The props. Oswego, Olean, Jersey City and New York are outside of the harbor. The Grey and New York are outside of the harbor. The Grey Cocking is inside. The wind is blowing strong from the southwest. We learn that the ice extends fifteen miles west of Dunkirk.

# Wants.

**A CHANCE FOR TRADE.**

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS A GOOD House and forty feet lot, within five minutes walk of the Post Office, which he wishes to exchange for a small farm near the city. Any person having such to trade can address, P. O. Box 1630, Milwaukee, Wis. mar16-1m4w

**CITY AUCTION ROOM.**

I WANT TO PURCHASE A FARM IN Waukesha, Jefferson, or Dane, or north County, Wis., from 80 to 160 acres, with good improvements; will also purchase the stock on said Farm. Will pay half cash, the balance in three years, with proper mortgage. Must have the farm to be well watered. Any one answering this advertisement will please give full description of farm, price, terms, &c., and say if Schools and Churches in neighborhood, and what the society is generally.

CHARLES WALL, City Auctioneer.

mar19

WANTED TO PURCHASE. THE INTEREST of a Temperance Restaurant already established. Enquire of Dr. Hyde, Milwaukee Sanitarium, State or Michigan. Address, stating particulars, box 1332 Milwaukee Post Office. oct12

# Chicago Advertisements.

From Rounds & Langdon's Agency.

*ROUNDS & LANGDON, Advertising Agents, 155 Randolph Street, are authorized to receive Advertisements for this and all the leading Papers of the North-West, and EXCLUSIVELY authorized Agents in the North-west for a majority of them.* feb23d90w31y

**Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory.**

NEW YORK AND CHICAGO.

**HART, ASTEN & CO.,**

157 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO

Manufacturers and Dealers in

BAGS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION!

MILLERS, AND GROCERS' BAGS, made and printed to order, with beautiful and appropriate brands. New and Second-hand Seamless Grain and Gunny Bags, for Shippers. Millers and Farmers' use. Bags for Flour, Buckwheat, Feed, Meal, Seed, &c., &c.

Orders filled with fidelity and despatch.

my24d&w6m

**WIGS AND TOUPEES.**

**AD. OEHSWALDT'S WIGS AND TOUPEES**

AT NO. 100 LAKE ST., NEAR DEARBORN Street, Chicago, are superior to any other in all the Western States. They are easy, durable and elegant, not shrinking of the head nor turning up behind; in any place where they are worn they are understood to be made properly. Persons residing at a distance can be

**Wigs or Toupees made to Order**

With the certainty of a perfect fit, by taking the following measures.

1. The round of the head.
2. From the Forehead to the Neck.
3. From Ear to Ear.
4. From Ear over the Crown to Ear. For Toupees:
1. The round of the head.
2. From Forehead to extent of bald place.
3. From Ear to Ear.
4. Across the bald place over the crown.

AD. OEHSWALDT, Chicago, Ill., P. B. 1029.

Address jan30g2t0d3mo

*Lincoln's Commercial Cottage*

*Martin's Block*

*Milwaukee Wisconsin*

IS NOW LOCATED IN A COMMODIOUS suite of four rooms, in Martin's Block, corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, elegantly fitted up and open for the reception of students, with facilities second to none in the United States.

**The Book-Keeping Course**

Comprises the widest range of study incident to the general Accountant in every variety of business and will be of the most full and comprehensive character. Each student will have the benefit of separate instructions, and can commence at any time, and no pains will be spared to give the fullest and most complete satisfaction.

Practical and Ornamental Penmanship will be taught systematically, unsurpassed by that of any similar Institution East or West.

The Ladies Department is entirely separate and tastefully furnished.

Merchants apply here for Clerks and Book-keepers.

The proprietor will furnish pleasant rooms to Students at reasonable rates, by which means their board will be reduced to a price much lower than could be obtained elsewhere.

For further particulars call or address the proprietor, LOWELL LINCOLN.

sep20d&w3mo

**LIGHT, FLEXIBLE AND STRONG,**

NOVEL AND BEAUTIFUL IN SHAPE,

Approved by all.

Inquire for THOMPSON'S CORRUGATED SKIRTS

**Sale of Steam Tug L. H. Boole.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT in pursuance of an order made on the 1st day of February, 1860, by the County Court of Milwaukee County, the undersigned administrators of the Estate of Frederick Starke, deceased, will on

**Friday, June 1st, '60, at 10 o'clock,**

at the Spring Street Bridge, in the City of Milwaukee, in said county, offer for sale at public vendue to the highest bidder,

**THE STEAM TUG L. H. BOOLE.**

The terms of sale will be made known at the time and place of sale.

HENRY STARKE

and

MARIA M. STARKE,

Administrators of the Estate of Frederick Starke, deceased.

SCHURZ & PAINE, Att'ys. mar5|201|1|0|law

# Saddlery Hardware, &c.

**Fall--136 East Water Street--1859.**

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE DAILY RECEIVING direct from the manufacturers, additions to their stock, and with

**Goods of their own Manufacture,**

Keep it the most full and complete in the market. We keep our prices uniformly at the bottom of the market, and will satisfy those who give us a call that we have the facilities, as well as the disposition to please all who will give us a trial.

In our Stock may be found at all times every description of

COACH & SADDLERY HARDWARE,

HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES &c., TRUNK TRIMMINGS, PATENT AND ENAMELLED LEATHERS, ENAMELLED CLOTHS, BROADCLOTHS, LACES, &c.

LADIES' AND GENTS' SADDLES AND BRIDLES,

All styles of Harness, Collars, Blankets, Whips, Bells, Trunks, Valises and Traveling Bags.

Also, the choice and many goods for Emigrant trade. Suspension Bridge, Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo, Rochester, New York, Boston, &c., &c.

Parcels left at any of the offices will be promptly forwarded at very moderate rates.

Mark all Freight "Via D. & M. R.," and save time and money by *not shipping by Express Companies.*

Offices—Milwaukee, 120 East Water street, and 3 Wisconsin street. G. NAMIER, Superintendent. J. H. WHITMAN, Gen. Travelling Agent. THOS. FORBES, City Agent.

Freight Office—Dock foot of Milwaukee street.—W. M. GRAHAM, Agent.

W. K. MUIR, Gen. Sup't.

D. & M. R. Offices, March, 1860. mar1

# Sewing Machines.

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W. K. MUIR, Gen. Sup't.

D. & M. R. Offices, March, 1860. mar1

**COACH & SADDLERY HARDWARE**

**142 East Water Street.**

WE HAVE NOW NOW IN STORE A very large and comple assortment of

**Coach and Saddlery Hardware,**

To which we would invite the attention of purchasers. In the stock can be found every article required by the manufacturer, consisting in part of

Common and Fancy Hames;
Patent Dig and Sad-Adjusting Trees;
Collars of every variety;
Patent and Enameled Leather;
Damasks, Laces, Silks, Fringes, &c.;
Coach and Buggy Lamps;
Springs, Axles and Malleable Iron;
Spokes, Hubs, Fellows, Shafts, Bows, &c.

As we confine ourselves exclusively to the sale of Carriage and Saddlery Hardware, and receive our goods direct from first hands, we are enabled to offer inducements to the trade and the manufacturer unsurpassed by any other house in the West.

A call is respectfully solicited at

**142 East Water Street.**

nov2-2m|4d|1y BARNES BROTHERS.

# Sewing Machines.

**SINGER'S GENUINE**

# Sewing Machines.

General Depot for the North-West

NO. 17

Newhall House, - - - Milwaukee.

HAS COME! HAS COME! HAS COME! The Good Time has Come! SINGER'S No. 2 Sewing Machine

Can now be had for.....$100
Do. No. 1.....50

☞ "For manufacturing purposes the only reliable and unparalled Sewing Machine in the World."—*N. Y. Singer & Co's Circular.*

☞ Family Sewing Machines from Fifty to Seventy-five Dollars.

☞ "We have tried them in our own families and find them superior to any in use."—*N. Y. Times.*

☞ These Machines are fully licensed, by the exact amount of apparatus necessary to counteract and prevent infringement, without any additional expense. Also, machines repaired at the shortest notice, and extra gearing furnished for machines.

Agents for I. M. Singer & Co.,

nov13-6m|d&w|1y No. 17 Newhall House.

**GROVER & BAKER'S**

CELEBRATED NOISELESS

**FAMILY SEWING MACHINES!!**

NEW STYLES—PRICES FROM $50 TO $125.

HEMMERS, $5 EXTRA.

THESE MACHINES SEW FROM TWO Spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no rewinding of thread by the fingers, and stitch in a superior style, finishing each seam by their own operation, without resource to the hand needle, as is required by other machines. They will do better and cheaper sewing than a seamstress can, even if she works for nothing but board.

A new Shuttle Machine for manufacturing purposes for $70.

Office of Exhibition and Sale, 495 Broadway, N. Y.

Agent in Newhall House, Milwaukee.

ly|e|sep1-d3y2d J. A. FRENCH, Agent.

**CHOICE FARMING LANDS!**

The Fox & Wisconsin Improvement Co.

NOW OFFER FOR SALE THEIR Lands in the following Counties of the State of Wisconsin:

| | Acres. |
|---|---|
| Adams Co | 1,000 |
| Brown Co | 1,000 |
| Clark Co | 7,100 |
| Clark Co | 45,000 |
| Calumet Co | 1,000 |
| Columbia Co | 8,100 |
| Columbia Co | 1,900 |
| Chippewa Co | 14,000 |
| Chippewa Co | 14,000 |
| Eau Claire Co | 9,000 |
| Eau Claire Co | 1,000 |
| Fond du Lac Co | 1,400 |
| Fond du Lac Co | 2,000 |
| Jackson Co | 12,000 |
| Kewaunee Co | 5,000 |
| Marathon Co | 41,000 |
| Marquette Co | 57,000 |
| Oconto Co | 41,000 |
| Oconto Co | 41,000 |
| Richland Co | 27,000 |
| St. Croix Co | 5,000 |
| Sauk Co | 1,400 |
| Shawano Co | 35,000 |
| Waupaca Co | 7,000 |
| Waupaca Co | 31,000 |
| Waushara Co | 35,000 |

The above list comprises some of the very choicest farming, prairie, hunting, timber, coal openings and pine lands in the State, and unceasing water powers of the first importance.

These lands were selected years ago, with regard to contiguity to market, and are therefore the very best selections in regard to soil and location to be found anywhere in the "Great North-West."

THE FOX & WISCONSIN IMPROVEMENT CO., will soon have completed the great Canal through Central Wisconsin, which connects Lake Michigan with the Mississippi River. A majority of the lands being within a few miles of this great improvement, will have unequalled facilities for shipping their products to almost any market.

For information, enquire of ROBERT SMITH, Agent of Trustees, or DANIEL C. JENK, General Agent, at the Land Department, Appleton, Wis.

W. H. RODWAY, Co's Agent.

Being within the Congressional District of Wisconsin.—Milwaukee, Wis.

my17|5|8rd1y|f-tu-th-19 Wisconsin.

H. W. GEORGE'S

**Family Grocery Store,**

At No. 31 Wisconsin Street,

YOUNG'S BLOCK,

IS NOW OPEN.

**GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.**

HAVING JUST PURCHASED IN THE East a large and well assorted Stock of Family Groceries, selected with the utmost care and consisting of choice Teas, Co